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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta — *Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi*

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MAHATMA BESIEGED BY 'DARSHAN'-MAD CROWDS

Over 2,000 People Flock To Join Evening Prayers: Exciting Finish To Busy Day

GANDHI-JINNAH TALKS AGAIN TO-DAY

A prayer gathering with 2,000 eager people crowding around to have his *darshan* was the exciting climax to a busy day which Mahatma Gandhi had on Sunday. While Gandhiji dealt with a long list of visitors, Mr. Jinnah, in contrast, spent a day of quiet study.

After attending a meeting of the Trustees of the Kasturba Memorial Fund for an hour till 10 on Saturday night, Gandhiji went to bed and had refreshing sleep. He was examined by Dr. K. T. Gajjar in the morning.

Among those who called on him in the course of the day were Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Mr. B. G. Kher, Mr. Mangaldas Pakvasa, Mr. Amritlal Thakkar, Sir Purushottamdas Thakurdas, Mr. K. Srinivasan, Editor "Hindu", Mr. Tushar Kanti Ghosh, Editor, "Amrita Bazar Parika", Mr. Nagindas T. Master and Mr. Ambalal Sarabhai.

In the course of the day Gandhiji dealt with the business connected with the Kasturba Memorial Fund and the All-India Spinners' Association.

NO STATEMENT TO-DAY

Questioned by pressmen, Mr. Pyarelal, Secretary to Mahatma Gandhi, said that the duration of Gandhiji's stay in Bombay was not known. It would depend on the progress of the talks between him and Mr. Jinnah. But as soon as the talks were over he would go back to Sevagram. Mr. Pyarelal was definite that Gandhiji would not be able to meet pressmen on Monday.

Gandhiji went into silence at five p.m. in order to be able to break it in time to meet Mr. Jinnah to-day.

By 6 p.m. word was brought to Birla House that a crowd of 2,000 people had gathered at the junction of Warden Road and Napean Sea Road. The people were coming to attend Gandhiji's prayer an hour and a half earlier. The police picket stationed at the spot had held them up as it was too early. Meanwhile the crowd was becoming unmanageable. The more adventurous of them had bypassed the police picket by going on to the black rocks along the sea and entering the area beyond the pickets by clambering over the sea walls abutting on small gullies.

PEOPLE'S PRIVILEGE

When the news of the waiting crowd was conveyed to Gandhiji, he asked Mr. Birla and Mr. Devdas Gandhi to go and see the situation. He also told them to find an alternative place for holding prayers "anywhere in Bombay" so that all the people could attend. Mr. Birla and Mr. Devdas Gandhi went out at once and after examining the situation got busy. It was immediately decided to hold the prayers in the spacious compound of Rungta House, which once house the now defunct Sagar Studios. The police were accordingly asked to allow the public to come in and direct them there.

Soon an endless stream of people began to pour in. The spacious lawns of the bungalow were taken up. So were its lawns, playgrounds, compound walls, verandahs of outhouses and every other possible site. By the time Gandhiji arrived, at least 2,000 people had crowded into the compound and more continued to stream in till almost the end of the prayer. They came in car, bus and on foot.

AFTER PRAYER

Arrived at the spot Gandhiji gestured to them to sit down and for a few moments intently watched the seething mass of humanity, as the volunteers tried to be that everybody was seated and did not block avenues of entry and exit. Then came the prayers with all the usual features of recitation of verses from the Gita and Quoran, silence song and bhajan. At the end the usual appeal for the Harijan fund was made. That was the signal for the people to demonstrate their love for "Bapu". But the intense and simultaneous love of 2,000 people can seem mad in its expression. Volunteers had a tough job both for their wits and their muscles to keep the people from breaking down all barricades, while Mahatmaji sat on the dais calm and unruffled, signing autographs (against hard cash!) giving his blessings and making collections for the Harijan Fund.

Meanwhile Mr. S. K. Patil, seeing the size and mood of the audience had a car brought to within ten fet of Gandhiji dais to whisk nyaway Gandhiji safely. But Gandhiji decided to walk!

MAHATMA BESIEGED

Then followed a short period of intense anxiety to the organisers and volunteers. With a huge crowd eager to have as close a view of him as possible pressing on all sides, Gandhiji with his entourage was walking with swift steps. The crowd closer and closer, nudged him, jostled him and ultimately formed an impassable screen. That brought Gandhiji to a standstill. He asked for order and waited for ten minutes while both the public and the volunteers made a frantic but successful attempt to draw up a cordon through which he safely walked to Birla House.

And for an hour afterwards the police force had a job to regulate the crowd. They handled it tactfully and the day passed off without any untoward incidents.

Mahatma Gandhi is meeting Mr. Jinnah at 5-30 p.m. today (Monday).

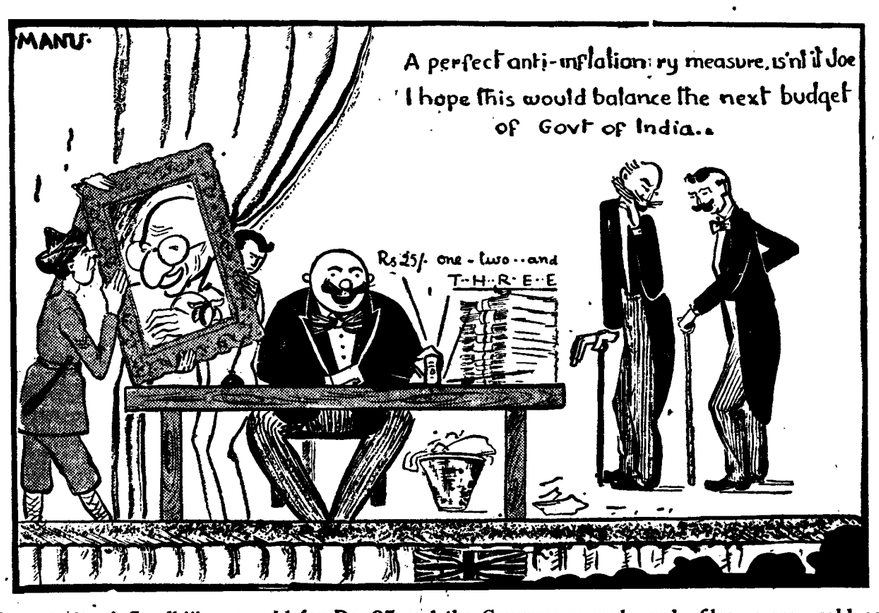
Harijans' Support

Sardar Pratapsingh, President, Harijan Hitwardhak Mandal, Arthur Road, Bombay, writes:—

Any conjecture made just before the impending Gandhi-Jinnah talk would be a mere wishful thinking. However, in pursuance of the wishes of a good number of Harijans in the city I venture to make a few observations concerning the Harijans in general.

It is well-known that Gandhiji has rendered invaluable selfless services to the Harijans and has championed their cause throughout his life almost unflinchingly. It is, therefore, futile to imagine that the Mahatma, so conscious of fairness and justice for all the citizens of India, could undermine the problem of the biggest minority in the country like the Harijans. The largest number of them have the fullest confidence in the Mahatma's leadership. They realize that their interests are linked with that of the major elements in the national life of India. I am sure that Gandhiji would always adhere to the provisions of the Poona Pact and would desist from giving effect to anything that might lead to the break of Indian solidarity on a further vivisection of their Motherland. At the same time I hope the Mahatma would give a fair deal to the supposed bulk of Indian masses by securing for them adequate representation in every sphere of the country's administration. Harijans in the city wholeheartedly welcome this overture as they are always prepared to welcome any move that would ultimately lead to the emancipation of India which is their first and foremost concern. Any differences can well be settled by mutual compromise and tolerance once the country is free from foreign domination.

Let us then all pray that the talks may bring fruitful results and serve as basis to achieve the ultimate goal —Freedom.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A portrait of Gandhiji was sold for Rs. 25 and the Congress records and files were sold as waste paper when the property of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee was auctioned by Police.

DEMAND FOR RETURN OF SEIZED CONGRESS PROPERTY

City Police Chief Advises Application To Govt. For Recovery Of Compensation

BOMBAY, Sunday.

A reply, it is understood, has been received from the Commissioner of Police in connection with the letter addressed to him by the President of the Girgaum District Congress Committeee, demanding the return of the Committee's property which was seized by the police on August 9, 1942. The Girgaum District Congress Committee's President has been advised to approach the Government, if he so desires, for compensation in money for the Committee's property which was seized and sold by auction.

Referring to the circumstances in which the police took action, the Commissioner's letter it is understood, states that the action was warranted by the fct that the District Committee was found in the premises of the Congress House which was seized by Government, being he property of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, an organisation declared unlawful by Government. The Commissioner's letter further seems to point out that the property in question was not claimed on behalf of the Committee when it was declared that the same would be sold by auction.

The letter of the President of the District Committee emphasised two two points namely, that the Committee was not one of the bodies declared unlawful by Government and that the Committee was a self-constituted body working under its own constitution.

NAZIS BLOCK ROAD TO LOMBARDY

Allies Make Big Advances North Of Florence

LONDON, Sept. 10.

Reuter's special correspondent at Allied Headquarters in Italy cables:

Some of the fiercest fighting in Europe is raging for the bulwark heights of Coriano and San Savino, as Marshal Kesselring is throwing all his available tanks, guns and men into an all out attempt to stem General Alexander's thrust towards the plain of Lombardy.

One German counter-attack after another has come in under lashing rain and through deep mud to throw Eighth Army men off the heights which hold the key to Rimini, eight miles to the north and the Valley of the Po beyond.

To-day's Mediterranean 'communique' says:—

Heavy fighting continues in the Adriatic sector and troops of the Eighth Army have again made progress in a high ground where they have captured the village of Gemmano, which has been the scene of heavy fighting during the past week. In the high ground between the upper Arno and Tiber valleys Indian troops of the Eighth Army have captured several important features hitherto held by the enemy.

North of Florence big advances have been made and important features of Monte Giovo, Monte Caroso and Monte Calvana have been occupied. In this sector British troops for the first time overlook the Upper Sieve valley, west of Florence.

American patrols have been active north of Florence Prato Piso arterial road which is now entirely in our hands.—Reuter.

BIG PURGE IN ITALIAN ARMY

ROME, Sept. 10.

The Italian Minister of war, Count Casati to-day (Sunday) announced that he had suspended and removed from their posts 75 Generals and 97 Colonels. This is the biggest purge yet of officers who had collaborated with the Republican Fascist regime.—Reuter.

(Continued from col. 7)

along the line. The three main areas where the Germans are fighting back are around the Albert Canal, along the Luxemburg frontier and in Ardennes, and on the line of the Moselle. Across the Albert Canal, the heaviest fighting is reported to be in Bourg Leopold which is now under British control again. The First Army has taken over 165,000 prisoners up to midnight September 8.

STUTTGART & NUREMBERG ATTACKED

LONDON, Sept. 10.—It is officially announced more than 1,100 United States heavy bombers to-day attacked targets in southern Germany including Stuttgart, Nuremberg and Ulm.

ESCAPING ENEMY SLAUGHTERED

From Reuter's special correspondent with the Tactical Air Force in Belgium, Sunday (09-45):

Tactical Airforce Aircraft carried out their biggest slaughter for a considerable time yesterday on German troops attempting to escape northwards in the mouth of the Scheldt region. Figures of the day's destruction were 105 barges destroyed and damaged and ten tugs. In addition 18 locomotives were destroyed and damaged and the railway was blocked by the wreck of train piled up outside Flushing On road 46 vehicles were destroyed and damaged.

52162 PRISONERS SINCE 'D-DAY'

BRUSSELS Sept. 9. Reuter's special correspondent in a cable from the front last night said that the total of prsoners taken by the British Second Army since D-Day was 52.162.

In 48 hours up to last night they had taken over 8,000.

ESCAPE CORRIDOR

From Reuter's special correspondent, Allied Advanced Headquarters Mediterranean (Sunday):

Americans drivng towards the Belfort gap have clicked off another 24 miles beyond Besancon against stubborn resistance. There is still an appreciable escape corridor for the Germans extendng north of Mulhouse to the southern wing of Gen. Patton's army. There are sill "substantial" German forces north of Doubs trying to reach the frontier.

From Reuter's special correspondent with the British forces in Belgium 10-15 local time Sunday. The Americans are now only eight miles from the big German town of Aachen just over the frontier. Other United States columns are just west of Maastricht over the Dutch frontier. The Germans are now rushing down reinforcements from Denmark to the Albert Canal. On Friday, 32 trainloads of them were spotted.

ANOTHER SECRET WEAPON?

It is now learned that the new German jet-propled twin-engined plane shot down over the Albert Canal yesterday was capable of a speed of 700 to 900 miles per hour The anti-aircraft battery got it with its second round.

The Second Army has taken 12,139 prisoners in the last three days.

SEVENTH ARMY'S ADVANCE

Seventh Army: The Seventh Army has made further substantial advances against stiff enemy resistance northwards towards Dijon and north-east up the Doubs river valley.

French forces have pushed some kilometres north since their capture of Baume, west of the Saone River. In their drive up the Douos valley towards the German frontier. American troops have cleared the villages of Baume Les Dames and Cerval. French elements have reached Pont de Roide and Saint Hyppolite.

In the Alps, Briancon has again been cleared of enemy forces. About 70,000 prisoners have been taken since the start of the southern France campaign.

BATTLE FOR GERMAN FRONTIER BEGINS

Luxembourg Frontier Crossed: More Allied Gains: House-To-House Fighting At Brest

LONDON, September 10.

American bombers from both French and British bases today opened their first round of "the battle of the German Frontier" by bombing immediately ahead of Gen. George Patton's southern wing to remove barriers in the path of the American Third Army's advance towards Nancy, it is officially announced.

A concentrated bomb load was dropped on two bridges spanning the Moselle river at Pompey and Custines, about five miles north of Nancy and the highly fortified Foret De Haye, just west of Nancy.

Luxembourg Frontier Crossed

S.H.A.E.F., Sept. 10.

American troops have crossed the Luxembourg frontier. The place of crossing is not disclosed.

The troops have entered Neufchateau 25 miles north-east of Sedan, and are also operating along the Ourthe river in the area of Marche.

In the area of Liege Allied troops have fanned out and captured Theux. They have also captured Hex, south-east of Saint Trond.

The Germans are doing everything they can to hold the small area left to them north of the Bruges-Ghent canal. The area they still hold is bounded by Bruges, Blankenberghe and Guent. Armoured reconnaissance patrols are practically into Bruges. The Allies are also pretty close to Blankenberghe.

STIFF FIGHTING AT BREST

House-to-house fighting is reported at Brest. Psychological warfare loud speakers are being used at Le Havre, where 50 Germans gave themselves up. They said other troops in the fortress were afraid to come out because of heavy German minefields at the entrances to the town.

ALLIED GAINS

To-day's communique from Gen. Eisenhower's Headquarters said: "Allied forces clearing the Channel Coast areas have made considerable progress around Bergues, south-east of Dunkirk. Further east our units are approaching Bruges. Gains have been made north of Antwerp.

The development of bridgeheads over the Albert Canal is continuing to meet stiff resistance. Our forces have advanced to Kermpt four miles west of Hasselt, and to Noduwez, Marilles, and Fol Les Caves in the Terlemont Huy sector. Other forces both east and south-east of Liege are in Limbourg, after a 14-mile advance.

After thrusting through the forest of Ardennes to points 15 to 20 miles east of the Meuse river, our troops have reached the vicinity of Saint Hubert. Elements further south have entered Ecouviez, east of Montmedy. On the west bank of Moselle, the river has been cleared of enemy in the vicinity of Pompey, six miles north of Nancy.

Allied forces continues to close in on the port of Brest where the enemy is maintaining stubborn defence. Transport, communications and airfields in Holland and Western Germany were bombed and strafed by fighters and fighter bombers yesterday. Nine enemy aircraft were shot down in combat and five others were destroyed on ground. Gun positions and strong points at Brest were again attacked by fighter bombers, and similar objectives at Boulogne were targets for medium bombers."

(Limbourg is on the Liege-Aachen railway, 9 miles from the German frontier at the nearest point. Saint Hubert, east of the Meuse is an important function of four main roads in Luxemburg. Bergues is about five miles south-east of Dunkirk, and at the junction of the main roads leading to Dunkirk.)

German resistance is stiffening all

(Continued in Col. 8)

STOP PRESS

ENEMY RESISTANCE STOPS AT BEVERLOO

LONDON, Sept. 10.—A Dutch broadcaster said on the Brussels Radio to-night that German resistance stopped this afternoon at Beverloo point nearly two miles beyond the Albert Canal.—Reuter.

BREAK-THROUGH AT KROSNO

LONDON, Sept. 10.—The German News Agency to-night reported that Soviet forces have broken into German positions on both sides of Krosno.—Reuter.

ZEEBRUGGE ENTERED

LONDON, Sept. 10.—Reuter's special correspondent with the First Canadian Army states that Canadian troops striking east along the coast from Ostend to-day entered Zeebrugge without opposition.—Reuter.

MAJOR ALLIED OPERATION

LONDON, Sept. 10.—The German Overseas News Agency reports that a major Allied operation was launched on a 60-mile front with massed tanks between Verviers (16 miles south-west of Aachen) and Arlon (18 miles north-west of Luxembourg).—Reuter.

CHAMBOEUF OCCUPIED

Allied Headquarters in the Mediterranean Sunday night.—French forces, continuing their drive towards Dijon, have occupied Chamboeuf and Urcy. Farther east heavy fighting continues in the vicinity of Blamont.

Last night American troops occupied Dole in the Doubs valley, after resistance had ceased.—Reuter.

MORE GAINS ON TIDDIM ROAD

R. A. F. Raiders Over Malaya Coast

KANDY, Sept. 10.

Beaufighters attacked a motor vessel and two sloops off the Tenasserim coast on the west coast of the Malayan Peninsula hitting the vessel and damaging one sloop. A coaster in Martaban Gulf, near Bangkok, was damaged.

It is officially stated that 110 miles of Tiddim Road, south of Imphal, is now clear of Japanese.—A.P.

THATTE TO BE PROSECUTED UNDER ARMS ACT

WARDHA, Sept. 9: The United Press understands that Mr. Thatte is being prosecuted under the Arms Act for a dagger found in his possession yesterday at the time of his arrest.—United Press.

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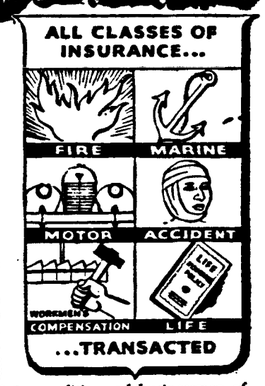

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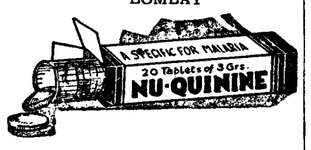

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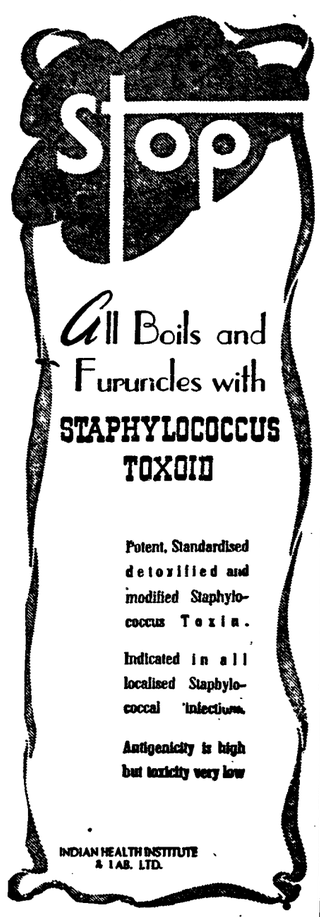
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KASTURBA FUND

56 Lakhs Collected: Trust Deed Details

BOMBAY, Sept. 10

The 'United Press' learns that the ceremony of presenting the amount collected by the Kasturba Gandhi National Memorial Fund will be performed at Sevagram on October 2, when Mahatma Gandhi would have completed his 75 years according to the Christian Calendar.

A meeting of the Trustees of the Kasturba Fund was held last night at Birla House under the chairmanship of Mahatma Gandhi, when the Secretary read out his report of the collection work done up-to-date. By the end of August, the 'United Press' authoritatively learns, Rs. 56,70,000 was collected including sum of Rs. 10,73,000 promised and awaiting realisation. During the 9 days of September, the collection has gone on briskly and new collections and promises are being realised. It is hoped, says the Secretary of the Fund in an interview with the 'United Press', that by the end of September, the full amount of Rs. 75 lakhs would be subscribed and probably exceeded. It may take, he added, the whole of October to have the whole amount transferred to the Bombay headquarters.

TRUST DEED

The 'United Press' further learns that at yesterday's meeting various points with regard to the preparation of the Trust Deed were discussed, the number of Trustees being fixed at a minimum of 15 and a maximum of 30 the Executive work to be done from day to day being delegated to five of them elected for the purpose. The definitions of rural areas and of a male child which can receive the benefit of the Fund were arrived at. Types of institutions which the local committees can start out of the three-quarters of the money collected in their respective areas, such as, (1) maternity homes, (2) dispensaries for women and children, (3) industrial schools for women and children, (4) orphanages or children's homes, (5) widows' homes, etc., were considered as well as the question of starting of some large institutions out of the funds at the disposal of the Central Office.

Among the Trustees present at yesterday's meeting were Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas, Mr. J. R. D. Tata, Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Mr. K. M. Munshi, Mr. Ambalal Sarabhai, Mr. Shantikumar Moorarji, Mr. Devdas Gandhi and Mr. A. V. Thakkar, the Secretary. By a special invitation Mr. Mangaldas Pakwasa, Mr. Pranlal D. Nanjee and Mr. Hatilal Gandhi were present besides the two Joint Secretaries.—United Press.

Kasturba Fund Collection In Jaipur

(From Our Correspondent)

SIKAR, Sept. 6—Sj. Hiralal Shastri, the Convener of the Rajputana Kasturba Memorial Committee, is touring Shekhawati now-a-days with a view to intensify the collection work in the district.

"It is a matter of deep regret that Rajputana lags far behind the quota allotted for it in the collections of funds for Shri Kasturba National Memorial Fund. If a vigorous campaign is not pursued we are likely to lose the place of honour. The good name of our province is at stake", observed Shastriji while addressing a meeting of the prominent Prajamandal workers assembled in Nawalgarh on special invitations.

Though the work in Rajputana was started late, he said, yet we can achieve our goal in no time. Marwaris are energetic by nature and generous by tradition. If the zealous workers with a devotion for the noble cause come in the field we can push the figure beyond the expectations of all.

Mr. Laduram Joshi, a close associate of Shastriji, announced that about Rs. 20,000 had been collected in Nawalgarh, the Thakur Sahib of Nawalgarh contributing Rs. 1,000.

INDIA'S FOODGRAINS PROSPECTS

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9.

The meeting of the Standing Food Advisory Committee of the Legislature was held to-day in New Delhi under the Presidentship of Sir J. P. Srivastava. On the question of importing the quality of foodgrains purchased by the Government majority opinion in the Committee favoured the establishment of an intermediary agency to guarantee the quality that it was not practicable to establish the Government monopoly. Consideration of the present food position is likely to be continued to-morrow.

As against the total movement towards the target of about 26 lakhs tons of all foodgrains from the surplus to deficit areas under the Kharif and Rabi plans of the Central Food Department about 13 lakhs of tons are reported to have already been despatched up to August 15. Shares of Bombay, Bengal, Travancore and Cochin are 2,62,000, 1,96,000, 1,60,000 and 500 respectively. The Kharif plan is operative from November, 1943 and Rabi plan from May, 1944 to April 1945. On the basis of the present estimates rice wheat, gram, barley and millets quotas are likely to be fulfilled within the respective crop years. There is likely to be a short fall in the case of millets.—United Press.

No Encroachment On Indian Film Industry

BOMBAY, Sept. 9.

There is no reason for Indian film circles to feel concerned over the report that the Eagle-Lion Distribution Company, with British and Indian capital which Mr. Carr said would be on a fifty-fifty basis, intends to compete with Indian films.

Its manager, Mr. E. T. Carr, in an interview with the Associated Press today, emphasised that his company had no intention of competing with, or encroaching upon the Indian film industry. "I have never made any statement to the effect that we are going to produce pictures in India" he said. "We will probably make one or two English-pictures in Indian surroundings with our own artists. We may employ Indians for minor roles."

Indian film circles feel that the Eagle-Lion operations scheduled to start with the next year are a "direct invasion" of the Indian Film Industry and unfair competition with Indian enterprises. They point out that their request to the Government to import raw film from the United States was turned down owing to "lack of shipping space", and local industry therefore will not be able to get under way until one year after the war.

These circles, however, believe it will be at least 25 years before Indian filmgoers will be able to understand English pictures. In any case, Indian films by a foreign company will cost five or six times as much as those put out by an Indian company.—A. P.

India Needs Foreign Experts For Industrial Development

Bhatnagar's Plea At Institute Of Engineers: Mudaliar's Appeal For Co-operation With British Manufacturers

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9.

Sir Shanti Swarup Bhatnagar, addressing the Institute of Engineers last evening on "some scientific factors in the post-war industrial development of India," said he was firmly convinced that the scientific aspect of India's post-war reconstruction deserved a dispassionate hearing.

"Unfortunately, the subject of industrial development tends to get mixed up with that of the political emancipation of this country and a clear scientific analysis is thus not always possible" he said.

SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH

"In advanced countries all scientific research is now generally administered by one Government Department. In this country even so closely related subjects as agricultural research and industrial research are under separate departments. It is fortunate that on the question on India's agricultural development there is no difference of opinion amongst the politicians, the scientists and the industrialists of the country or those of Great Britain. It is only with respect to industrial development that there seems to be a difference of opinion as to the extent and type of development which should form our targets. Politics, not science, has been responsible for this lack of decision. The advantages which a co-operative programme of development presents itself have also been clouded by political considerations.

PAUCITY OF TECHNICAL TALENT

Sir Shanti Swarup said that it was painful to notice that in spite of the training given in our universities and technical institutes, there was a great paucity of suitable technical talent in this country. He thought there would be need of foreign talent and although national talent should be developed as soon as possible, in the initial stages we should have to import foreign expert for many industries.

Among those who participated in the discussion which followed were Sir A. Ramaswamy Mudaliar, Supply Member, who presided over the meeting, Sir Ardeshir Dalal Member for Planning and Development, and Lt. Sir Thomas Hutton, Secretary of the Planning Department.

INDIA'S CONTRIBUTION

Replying to a question, Sir Shanti Swarup said that though India had not made any contribution to science worth boasting about, there were several contributions which India made. The idea for manufacture of glass-cloth was Indian, though it underwent several modifications. Unbreakable containers were first manufactured in this country. There were several indigenous products, research in which was of the greatest interest to other countries.

Sir Ramaswamy Mudaliar agreed with the speaker that power development had to be given priority over everything else. The Government hoped during the next 20 years to step up power supply by 50 per cent. He also thought that localisation or regionalisation instead of bunching of industries in one place was very necessary for strategic reasons.

Sir Ramaswamy pointed out that for improving the standard of living throughout the country industrial activities should be scattered all over the country. Otherwise the large Indian masses will have to live high and dry.

Sir Ramaswamy, in conclusion remarked that it was very difficult to get the services of experts, however high salaries might be offered to them. He and the Industrial Supply Mission had experienced this difficulty in obtaining experts, in the case of a certain industry which was run on a carterlised basis. Co-operation between British and Indian manufacturers was therefore necessary.—A.P.

ABDUL GHAFFAR KHAN'S HEALTH

PESHAWAR, Sept. 9: Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, who is at present confined in the Haripur Central Jail, was examined by the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, N.W.F.P. on September 6 and no signs of any disease were found. This being the month of Ramzan he is keeping fasts and eating more. He says he feels better than before. He is taking "C" class diet on his own desire but is also provided extras on medical advice. At present these are: Butter one chattack, milk one seer, grapes half a seer, when obtainable, tomatoes four chattacks, peaches (preserved) one pound, and sugar one chattack. His weight since July 1 has increased by 11 lbs.—from 164 lbs. to 175 lbs. He complains of sluggishness of liver which is receiving appropriate treatment."—A. P.

INTERESTS OF OWNERS OF ENEMY PROPERTIES SAFE!

Call For Submission Of Returns Of Property To Custodian

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9.

On occupation by the enemy of the territories specified in the list below, says a press 'communique', the Government of India issued orders exempting from the provisions of general vesting orders, the balances and other assets in India of persons and concerns resident in those territories (other than those of subjects of a state of war with His Majesty and concerns owned or controlled by such subjects). Hitherto the properties in question were not therefore, required to be reported to the Custodian of enemy property.

Properties such as cash balances, gold and securities held by banks in India (other than properties of residents in Burma and the Andaman and Nicobar islands) were, however, made subject to the freezing orders issued by Government from time to time and transactions in respect of such properties were posssible only with the permission of the Reserve Bank of India.

Subsequently, and without prejudice to the freezing orders mentioned above, all persons and concerns in British India were authorised to have any commercial, financial or other intercourse or dealings with agents and branches in India of persons and concerns resident in the said territories.

SAFEGUARDS ASSURED

The existing arrangement, however, does not fully safeguard the interests of the owners of the enemy properties in question and the Government of India have accordingly issued an order (published in the Gazette of India dated September 9, 1944) requiring submission to the Custodian of enemy property, Bombay, within two months from the date of that order, of returns in respect of property in India of persons and concerns resident in the said enemy occupied territories in accordance with provisions of the enemy property (Custody and Registration) Order 1939. The disposal of such properties will require the sanction of the Reserve Bank of India, as a change in the ownership of the properties will involve a payment to or from the credit of a resident in a country covered by a freezing order which is prohibited under such an order. All transactions in respect of properties held by banks will also as heretofore require the sanction of the Reserve Bank of India, as the freezing orders in respect of such properties are still in force.

Japanese occupied China, including the International Settlement and French Concessions at Shanghai and British Concessions in China; Hongkong; Straits Settlements, Malaya, British Dependencies in Borneo; Netherlands East Indies; Channel Islands; that portion of Burma under Japanese occupation and the Andaman and Nicobar islands.—A. P.

SURAT D. L. B.

SURAT, Sept. 9.

It is understood that a Committee of Management will be appointed in the place of the Surat District Local Board which at its meeting of August 9 last passed a resolution deciding to cease functioning forthwith.—A. P.

INDIAN ARMY AND PHILLIPS' 'UNFAIR' REMARKS

Unworthy Of Envoy Of Friendly Power, Says Punjab Premier

SIMLA, Sept. 9.

Lt.-Col. Malik Khizar Hyat Khan Tiwana, Premier of the Punjab, has expressed a protest against the reflections on the Indian Army made by Mr. William Phillips, President Roosevelt's Personal Representative in India.

The Premier, in an interview said: "As Premier of the Province which furnishes more recruits than any other for India's army, I naturally resent Mr. Phillips statement that it is "purely mercenary." This obviously implies that the only motive that Indian soldiers have for joining the army is mercenary and that they are not influenced by motives of patriotism and service. The pay of the Indian soldier is far less than that of his British and American comrades, and India has the world's largest volunteer army. Why then it should be described as purely mercenary? It is true that India's peace time army is professional, but so too were the peace time armies of Britain and the U.S.A. and in all three countries these professional armies have been the nucleus of the large forces raised to fight this war. These reflections on the motives of Indian soldiers are unfair and unworthy of the envoy of a friendly Power."

"POOR MORALE" OF INDIAN OFFICERS

Continuing, the Premier said, "No less objectionable are the remarks attributed to General Stilwell about the poor morale of Indian officers. These officers have shown their courage and tenacity in five years of war on the battle fields of Africa, Europe and Asia. The long and growing list of awards to Indian officers for heroism, gives the lie to the allegation that their morale is poor."—A.P.

M.L.A.'s Question On Caroe's Cable To London

LAHORE, Sept. 9.—Sardar Mangal Singh, M.L.A. (Central), has sent notice of a question to be asked in the next session of the Central Assembly whether the Secretary for External Affairs Sir Olaf Caroe had sent any cable to India office recently published in the press regarding Mr. Phillips, President Roosevelt's Personal Envoy in India and whether the text of the cable as published in the press was correct.—A.P.

Haque On Post-War Plan For Textile Industry

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 9.

Sir Azizul Haque, Commerce Member of the Government of India and Mr. C. C. Desai Price Controller had important discussions with local industrialists and commercial representatives. They visited several textile mills along with Seth Kasturbhai.

It is understood the chief aim of Sir Azizul Haque's Ahmedabad visit is to study industrial condition of Ahmedabad and to discuss post-war planning with local industrialists. He had also explained several schemes chalked out by the Government of India as post-war plan for Indian Textile Industry.

Task For Kolhapur Praja Parishad Executive

(From Our Correspondent).

KOLHAPUR, Sept. 9.

The Kolhapur Prajaparishad Working Committee meets here to-morrow at Bhai Bhagal's place after two years.

Talks with members show that the attitude of non-co-operation will be abandoned and decision will be taken to-morrow to fight elections of Kolhapur Municipality and Ilakha Panchayat shortly as these bodies are now made sufficiently democratic by the Regency Council.

MADRAS, Sept. 9: The Chancellor of the Andhra University, has on the recommendation of the Committee of Award supported by the Syndicate of the University, offered the Sir C. R. Reddi national prize to Sir C. V. Raman. The latter will receive the prize in person at the forthcoming Convocation of the University next month.—A. P.

QUEBEC TO PLAN JAP INVASION

Churchill-Roosevelt Conference Prospect

QUEBEC, Sept. 8.

All over this historic city, to-night, there is an atmosphere of intense but suppressed excitement in anticipation of the Churchill-Roosevelt meeting, says Reuter's special correspondent.

All that the official will allow to be said is that the momentous conference will take place "soon." There is every indication that Quebec has again been chosen as the curtain against which the world will be given great and historical news.

Canadian Military Officials say they hope the invasion of Japan will be planned here.—Reuter.

B.P.T.U.C.'s PLEA FOR COMMUNAL UNITY

Appeal To Govt. To Release Congress Leaders

BOMBAY, Saturday.

A meeting of the B. P. T. U. C. was held on Saturday evening at the Servants of India Society Hall, Girgaum to consider the present political situation and the following resolution was passed:—

In view of the great and urgent need for Hindu-Muslim unity for the political freedom of the people of India, this meeting of the B. P. T. U. C. held at this momentous time, voicing the feelings of the working classes in the Province appeals to Mahatma Gandhi and Mr. Jinnah to make their greatest endeavour by a spirit of utmost mutual confidence and fairness and by utmost mutual concession and adjustment to involve agreed proposals based on the principle of self-determination to each nationality and assures them both that by their successful achievement of unity between the two communities they will earn the approval and gratitude of the working classes in the country.

RELEASE CONGRESS LEADERS.

The meeting strongly urges upon the Government of India the necessity of immediately releasing all the members of the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress in order to enable them to help the settlement.

The resolution was moved by Mr. N. M. Joshi, M. L. A. (Central) and was supported by Mr. B. T. Randive, the leader of the Commuist party.

Amongst those who spoke were Messrs. C. Y. Palmari of Sholapur, Gujarkhan of Ahmedabad, Godubai Gokhale of Amarnath and Naihu Babu Parolekar of Dhulia.

R

RENEWAL OF RATION CARDS IN E (WEST), E (EAST), F (SOUTH) and G (SOUTH) WARDS

The work of renewing the current ration cards by pasting slips over them will be done during the current week at the shops mentioned below in E (West), E (East), F (South) and G (South) Wards.

Those whose cards are registered at any of the shops should send all the cards of the household on the usual day during the week when they normally draw their rations and get them renewed. Cards should be got renewed even if no rations are drawn during the week.

RATIONS WILL NOT BE ALLOWED TO BE DRAWN ON UNRENEWED CARDS DURING SUBSEQUENT WEEKS.

The hours for renewal and also for issue of rations at the ration shops concerned during this week will be 8-30 a.m. to 11-30 a.m and 3 p.m. to 7 p.m. and at the Government Grain Shops 8 a.m. to 12 noon and 2 p.m. to 6 p.m.

E (WEST) WARD.

Ration Shops Nos: 164, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 184, 211, 225, 228, 232, 233, 234, 368, 398, 430, 442, 454, 457, 462, 464, 517, 528, 529, 547, 553.

Government Grain Shops Nos: 27, 38, 69, 116, 139, 190, 241.

E (EAST) WARD.

Ration Shops Nos: 166, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 201, 203, 218, 230, 235, 239, 412, 455, 539.

Government Grain Shops Nos: 23, 33, 39.

F (SOUTH) WARD.

Ration Shops Nos: 185, 186, 187, 236, 237, 238, 240, 241, 243, 244, 262, 265, 269, 279, 441 456, 458.

Government Grain Shops Nos: 10, 90, 121, 180.

G (SOUTH) WARD.

Ration Ships Nos: 171, 172, 173, 297, 338, 405, 526, 534, 561.

Government Grain Shop No: 35.

Communal Store No: 20.

INVESTORS

BHARAT INVESTMENT TRUST LTD.,
AMRITSAR
Offers you an EXCELLENT SCHEME Losses to be borne by the Trust, Profits half and half.
For full particulars write to the MANAGER.

TODAY'S SAFEST YET
MOST EXCITING WAY OF SAVING

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

Prize
Bonds

Prize Bonds are absolutely secure, yet owners have a chance of winning large cash prizes. Rs. 100 can win as much as Rs. 50,000 and the chance to win persists twice a year for the currency of the issue. Meanwhile the capital retains its full value and is repayable at par on or after 15th January. 1949.

You can get either a Rs. 10 or Rs. 100 Bond. There is no limit as to holdings.

Prizes are drawn half-yearly, on 15th January and 15th July. All bonds purchased before the 17th December 1944 will participate in the next draw on the 15th January 1945.

PRIZES ARE ★ *All prize money will be free of Income-tax, Super tax, Excess Profits tax and Corporation tax.* ★

Each series of 1 lakh pieces of Rs. 100 Bonds		
1 Prize of Rs. 50,000	Rs.	50,000
2 Prizes of Rs. 20,000	Rs.	40,000
2 Prizes of Rs. 5,000	Rs.	10,000
Total amount of prize money half-yearly in each series of 1 lakh pieces	Rs.	1,00,000
Each series of 1 lakh pieces of Rs. 10 Bonds		
1 Prize of Rs. 2,500	Rs.	2,500
2 Prizes of Rs. 1,250	Rs.	2,500
5 Prizes of Rs. 500	Rs.	2,500
10 Prizes of Rs. 250	Rs.	2,500
Total amount of Prize money half-yearly in each series of 1 lakh pieces	Rs.	10,000

Available at:—Any Indian Office of the Reserve Bank of India, Imperial Bank of India, Government Treasury in British India or in an Indian State conducting Government of India Treasury Business.
Prizes will be paid at all the above mentioned places and also at sub-Treasuries on or after the 15th August or 15th February following the date of the draw. Every Bond remains eligible for prizes at all drawings up to 15th January 1949. Payment of Prize money of the Rs.10 series will be made in cash; of the Rs. 100 series, half in cash and the balance in Government Loans.
Winning numbers will be published in the Gazette of India and the Press, before 15th August and 15th February following the date of the draw.

ISSUED BY FINANCE DEPARTMENT, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

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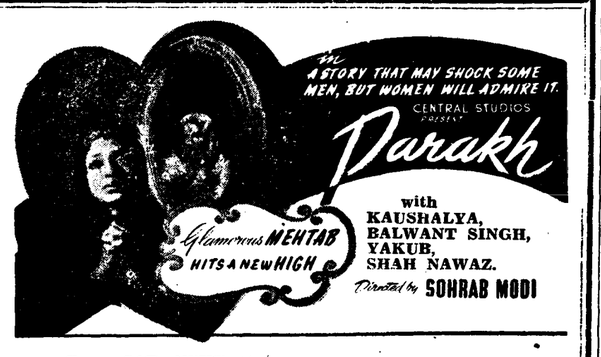
INDIAN FINE ARTS CIRCLE
BOMBAY
GRAND MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT
BY
SRIMATHI K. B. SUNDARAMBAL & PARTY
On Saturday September 23rd 1944 at 5-30 p.m.
at Don Bosco School Hall, Matunga, G. I. P.
Membership now open—Enroll before it is late

KHURSHID
SHEIKH MUKHTAR
IN
RANJIT'S
GREAT HISTORICAL
SHAHENSHAH
BABAR
with SUSHIL KUMAR and SULOCHANA CHATTERJI
Director VAJAHAT MIRZA. Music: KHEMCHAND PRAKASH
FROM WEDNESDAY, the 20th INST. AT
OPERA HOUSE
: AJIT Release :


A STORY THAT MAY SHOCK SOME MEN, BUT WOMEN WILL ADMIRE IT.
CENTRAL STUDIOS presents
Parakh
Glamorous MEHTAB HITS A NEW HIGH
with KAUSHALYA, BALWANT SINGH, YAKUB, SHAH NAWAZ.
Directed by SOHRAB MODI
From SAT. NEXT at
NEW WEST END
A MINERVA F. E. Release
PLANS open from to-day
Daily 10 to 12 and 3 to 6.
Thru FAMOUS PICTURE.

24TH TRIUMPHANT WEEK!
RAJKAMAL'S & V SHANTARAM'S
MALI
(Hindustani & Marathi)
Hindi: 4, 7.
Marathi: 10 p.m.
Fri. Sat. Sun. 1 p.m.
NOVELTY

53RD GOLDEN WEEK
RAJKAMAL'S & V SHANTARAM'S
SHAKUNTALA
Starring JAYASHREE
Daily: 4, 7, 10
Fri., Sat., Sun. 1-15 p.m
SWASTIK

ALL-COLOURED
HINDI COPY
PRAKASH'S
RAM RAJYA
Director: VIJAY BHATT
56TH CROWDED WEEK
SUPER
3-30 & 6-30 (Hindi)
9-30 (Marathi)
An EVERGREEN RELEASE

Comedian SUSHIL SAHU creates a MIRTH QUAKE in
SHARARAT
LAMINGTON
Daily: 4-30, 7-15, & 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun. at 1-45 p.m.

ZANANA SHOWS
1 p.m. Tomorrow and Thurs. at ROXY
At 1 p.m. Wed. and Fri. at
NEW WEST END
Director Jayant Desai's
MANORAMA
ISHWARLAL, LEELA CHITNIS, CHARLIE
14TH WEEK
NEW WEST END & ROXY
Daily: 4, 7 and 10 p.m.

ZANANA SHOW
TODAY AT 1-30 P.M.
RANJIT'S
PAGLI DUNIYA
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE

ENTERTAINMENT AT ITS BEST
ACHARYA ARTS
WITTIEST COMEDY
2ND WEEK!
AGE KADAM
Starring:
MOTILAL and ANJALI
Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10-15.
Ad. Booking 10 to 12 & 4 to 6.
TAJ GRANT RD. CORNER
AN EVERGREEN RELEASE.

2ND CROWDED WEEK!
HER HEART-ACHE TURNED
A Brigand into a Kind Man !
How? See Kardar Productions'
JEEWAN
Written & Directed by SADIQ
Music:—NAUSHAD
MEHTAB, WASTI, NIRMALA
Daily: 4, 7, & 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC Sat. Sun. at 1 p.m.

4TH CROWDED WEEK
PRAKASH'S
KAVITA
Starring:
RATNAMALA, UMAKANT, & JEEVAN
Daily: 4, 7, & 9-45 p.m.
CAPITOL
Ad. Booking: 10 to 12 & 3 to 5.
AN EVERGREEN RELEASE.

6th week!
See! KARDAR'S
Blues-Chaser No. 1.
SANJOG
IMPERIAL Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadrapad Vad 9, 2000.
Muslim: Ramzan 22, 1363.
Parsi: Farwardin 8, 1314.
Sunrise: 7-25 a.m. Sunset 7-45 p.m.
Hightide: 8-46, 20-20, Lowtide. 1-24 15-19.

CORPORATION meeting to-day (Monday) 2 p.m. (B.T.).

To-day's Engagements

PROGRESSIVE GROUP

MR. SHROFF ON AMERICA: Members and their guests are invited to a meeting of the Group at the Taj Mahal Hotel to-day (Monday) at 6-30 p.m. when Mr. A. D. Shroff, Indian Delegate, International Monetary Conference, will speak on his "Impressions in America."

MAZDAZNAN YOUTH MOVEMENT: Youths will speak on "Our Peace Plan—Post-war reconstruction" at Mazdaznan Temple Hall to-day (Monday) at 6-15 p.m.

IN AID OF KASTURBA FUND: Mr. P. T. Reddy's Exhibition of drawings and Paintings will be opened by Sjt. Nagindas T. Master, the Mayor of Bombay at the Dr. Sir Jivanji Modi Memorial Hall (Cama Oriental Institute to-day (Monday) at 6-30 p.m

B. S. U: The general body of the B. S. U. 42, Kennedy Bridge will meet at the Marwari Vidyalaya Hall to-day (Monday) at 6-30 p.m. (N.S.T.).

ACADEMY OF ISLAMIC LUNCHEON, on Sunday, 24, September, at 12-30 o'clock, at Taj. The guests of honour include Their Excellencies the Royal Consuls of Iran and Mme. Panahy Iraq and Mme Abdullah Bakar Sirdar Mir Sultan Alam Nawab Saheb of Belha, Mr. Horniman, Syed Abdulla Brelvi Saheb and Sir Francis Low. The programme includes recitations by Zakiya Sultan, Saghir Nizami, Bashir Niazi and Husein Saheb's own compositions.

3 ARTS GRAND EED CELEBRATIONS, in honour of Mr. Horniman, at 3-30 o'clock at Cama Orienal Institute, the same afternoon 24, September. The Guests of Honour include Syed Abdulla Brelvi, who will preside and Sir Francis Low, the Municipal Commissioner, Mr. Motilal Setalvad and Mr. Jamnadas Mehta. The programme includes Yelvi and his wonderful dog. Arjun, the mystic archer. Song Dance Darshan Do Girdhari by the Ruparel Sisters and CHAMEE CHANDALIA GARBA by the Celestial Nymphs. All are cordially invited by obtaining entry vouchers from Atiya Begum 41350.

BOMBAY DISTRICT MUSLIM STUDENTS' FEDERATION

Mr. Shaukat A. Nanji Hon. Secretary Muslim Students' Federation writes:—"I am glad to note that the Muslim students in response to the call of Bombay District Muslim Students' Federation abstained from actively participating in the proceedings of the so-called All-Bombay City Students' Conference, which was convened recently by a section of city students, and which has reiterated its faith in the Congress resolution of the 8th of August, although in milder terms it has subscribed to the principle of Gandhi-Jinnah meeting.

Thousands of Muslim students from different educational institutions have written to the Federation expressing their complete faith in the leadership of Qaid-e-Azam and condemning the action of some of the so-called "Nationalist" students who have been carrying on false propaganda against the Muslim League.

We the Muslim students welcome the Gandhi-Jinnah meeting as it will no doubt promote the cause of Hindu-Muslim Unity on the basis of Pakistan, which is the only possible solution of India's political problem."

St. John Ambulance Brigade Overseas

ACTIVITIES OF PARSI DIVISION

The 40th report for the year ended 31st December 1943 of this Division presents a notable series of its variegated activities conducted during the year. Forty years have elapsed since the inception of the Division, and it is on the threshold of its Pearl Jubilee year. The selfless service rendered by its members holds out the torch of humanitarian service.

The Parsi Cadet Ambulance Division completes its 18th year and has thus come to majority or manhood. There are 6 and 22 cadets in senior and junior sections respectively. The cadets are well trained.

Indore Gandhi Bhawan

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE, Sept 8: The foundation ceremony of the Indore Gandhi Bhawan will be performed on the Gandhi Jayanti Day. (2nd Oct.). Mr. Nagindas T. Master is likely to lay the foundation stone.

The third session of the Sikar District Political Conference is announced to be held on the 29th and 30th instant at Ramgarh, under the presidentship of Mr. Anandilal Poddar.

The annual session of the All-India Hindi Sahitya Sammelan will meet on the 24th, 25th, 26th and 27th instant at Jaipur. Goswami Ganeshdutt will preside.

PRABHAT'S
RAMSHASTRI
11TH WEEK
at
CENTRAL
Daily: 4 & 10. Hindi: 7 Marathi
Fri. Sat. Sun. Holidays Marathi
Matinees at 1-0.
Advance Booking 10 to 12 and 3 to 6.

A Famous Pictures' Release
DASSI
IN
MINERVA
4TH WEEK (Daily: 4, 7 & 10)
Matinees at 1-0 on Sat. Sun. & Holidays.
Advance Booking for Boxes and Balconies 10 to 12

PRICES OF IMPORTED PAPER

NEW DELHI, Sept. 8.—The Government of India have fixed the ceiling prices for principal varieties of imported paper. After the 15th October, 1944, no varieties of imported paper other than those covered by this order are allowed to be sold unless the seller gets the ceiling prices previously fixed by the Central Government. The wholesale ceiling prices now fixed for some of the varieties of imported paper and applicable at the ports of Calcutta, Bombay, Madras and Karachi and at any place within a radius of 50 miles from each are as below:—

Per lb.: (1) Antique laid and wove Rs. 9-11-11, (2) Art Paper Rs 0-13-4, (3) Account Book Paper Rs. 0-11-11, (4) Bond Paper White Rs. 0-14-0, (5) Chromo Paper Rs. 0-15-5; Per Ream: (6) Flint Paper Rs. 15-6-0, (7) Litho Paper Rs. 0-11-11; Per lb (8) Match Paper in Reels (Blue) Rs. 0-13-5, (9) Vegetable Parchment Paper Rs 1-9-2, (10) Printing Paper White Rs 0-11-11

At places beyond a radius of 5 miles from the ports of Calcutta, Bombay, Madras and Karachi, dealers are permitted to charge an extra six pies per lb to cover transport and other incidental charges in securing paper from the ports.

Apart from this difference in price uniform wholesale and retail prices have been fixed at 15 per cent above wholesale prices.—A.P.

DESPATCH OF CLOTH & YARN

The following press note has been issued: All cloth and yarn registered upto the 12th July 1944 with the Textile Commissioner for movement to up-country stations from Wadi Bunder have been already despatched. Those registered upto the 3rd July 1944 for movement from Carnac Bunder (except those requiring special permits) have also been despatched. The despatch position would have been much better but for the closure of bookings owing to the breaches in Railways, caused by the recent heavy rains.

KUMARI KAUR STARTS SCHOOL—On Friday Kumari Jagbir Kaur B.A. B.T., the First B.A. B.T., lady among the Hindu Jats, interviewed Right. Hon. M. R. Jayakar, Mr K. M. Munshi, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai and Mrs. Sarojini Naidu. Kumari Jagbir Kaur has started a School at Village Pirangadh (Dis. Bulandshehir) and has come to Bombay for funds for the School.

TODAY ON RADIO

Monday Sept. 11.
BOMBAY—1.
244 m (1,321 kc/s)

8 a.m. Columbia Orchestra, 8-5 News (H), 8-15 News (E), 8-30 Shyamla Mazgaonkar, 8-50 News (M), 9-0 News (G), 9-10 Tomorrow, 9-15 T. R. Tare (Violin), 9-30 Mixed Melodies, 9-45 R. S Chandavarkar, 12-30 p.m. Geet, 4-20 School Broadcasts, 5 B. T. Vyas, 5-15 T. R. Tare, Violin recital 5-30 Harischandra Kapileshwari, 5-55 Local Announcements, 6-0 Monday at Six (G), 6-30 News (E), 6-40 News (H), 6-45 News Commentary (M), 6-50 B. T. Vyas, 7 Spotlight on Central Europe (Hungary) talk in Gujarati by N. C. Sharma, 7-15 R. S. Chandavarkar, 7-30 Gat Tora on Tabla, 7-45 Music from the Films, 8 AIR Orchestra, 8-15 In the News, 8-20 Music, 8-25 News (M), 8-35 News (G), 8-45 The Future of India: A Review of Prof. R. Coupland's Book by Prof. W. J. Coelho, 9-0 News (H), 9-20 News (E), 9-30 BBC News Relay, 9-45 Sports Review by S. S. Gore, 10 B. T. Vyas, 10-10 T. R. Tare (Violin recital), 10-30 Shyamla Mazgaonkar.

BOMBAY—2.
61.48 m (4.880 kc/s)

8 a.m. to 8-5 as in Bombay 1, 8-5 Pakke Gane, 8-15 to 8-50 as in Bombay 1, 8-50 Shyamla Mazgaonkar, 9-10 to 10-0 as in Bombay 1.

41.44 m (7,240 kc/s)

12-30 p.m. to 2-30 p.m. as in Bombay 1.

48.73 metres (6.150 kc/s)

5-0 to 7-15 as in Bombay 1, 7-15 to 7-30 Interval.

89.15 m (6,365 kc/s)

7-30 p.m. Commercial News, 7-42 Music, 7-45 Calling Rural Listeners, 8-15 to 8-25 as in Bombay 1, 8-25 H. Kapileshwari, 8-45 to 9-0 as in Bombay 1, 9-0 R. S. Chandavarkar, 9-15 Shyamla Mazgaonkar, 9-45 to 10 as in Bombay 1, 10 Violet Teasdale, 10-15 Dancing Time, 10-50 Hilda Flanders.

The Half-Column
By "Dim"

If in these days the most obvious topic—the Gandhi-Jinnah meeting—has been left uncommented upon in this Half Column, it is because it is only fair that no comment should be made on it which may tend to mar the success of this meeting. The two men must have full scope of discussion. The responsibilities that rest on them are great and they should not feel the burden of any criticism that may be levelled at one or other or both of them. Personally, it is not important to me whether the Congress and League have come to a settlement. That is politics and politics change from time to time. What is more important is that the Hindu and the Muslim—the individuals that constitute the better part of 400 million—should feel that he belongs to that greater entity which is the Indian nation and that the first charge on such an individual should be the country and not the community. That is the united India to which we have looked forward—an India which can stand its own ground among the nations of the world, an India with a future. If the two men, now friendly chatting on Mount Pleasant Road, can achieve this they will live in the eyes of posterity. Any other settlement may be a political achievement but over the years it will find the strain which the communal way of thinking will put upon it. I suppose that when the talks are over some statement will be made to the press. At such a moment I would like to hear the two men say with one voice: "We believe that we are one country and one people. Let us eat together from the same bowl of rice, let us drink from the same lota of water, let our children intermarry till in the end we will be one people in every sense of the word." That would be an achievement.

★

If David Low was here he would surely have drawn a cartoon of the Mahatma Gandhi-Jinnah talks taking place 'midst a cordon of India's best police force and a handful of British M.P.'s. It's what Mr. Amery would have called: "Promoting better relations within the Empire."

★

Suggested slogan for the Gandhi-Jinnah week: "U and I stand for United India." (contributed by Jal Cowasji).

W. I. BADMINTON CHAMPIONSHIPS

Easy Victories For Deodhar Sisters

The visitors from Calcutta, V. A. Madgavkar and S. Bose and the Deodhar Sisters, Sunder and Suman, won their engagements in the Western India Badminton Championships quite comfortably at the Bombay Gymkhana on Sunday evening. Major Shroff and V N Iyer also accounted for the opponents without any difficulty.

The following are the results:

MEN'S SINGLES

B. D. Shroff beat B. V. Ullal 15-9, 15-11; V. N Iyer beat P. M. John 15-11, 18-14; S Bose beat P. G. Desai 15-4, 18-17; V. A. Madgavkar beat V. V. Deo 15-6, 15-6; H. Ferreira beat D. V. Ullal 15-8, 15-2; G. S. Kalyanpurkar beat D Miranda 15-5, 15-12.

MEN'S DOUBLES

V. A. Madgavkar and S Bose w.o. K. M. G. Menon and I. Deshpande.

WOMEN'S SINGLES

Miss Sunder Deodhar beat Miss L. M. Merchant 11-1, 11-1; Miss A. R. Vimadalai beat Mrs. Nogner 15-10, 15-6.

MIXED DOUBLES

Miss Suman Deodhar and S. Bose beat Miss Dagwe and M. N Desai 15-10, 15-3; Miss Phadnis and K S. Shete beat Miss Koppikar and B. P. Koppikar 15-8, 15-8; Miss Sunder Deodhar and V A M dgavkar w.o. G. Chandiramani and partner

PROFESSIONALS SINGLES

L. G. Salve beat Ganpat Ramji 12-15, 15-9, 15-10; Popatlal Mohanlal beat Ramchandra 15-0 15-5.

Bengal Club's Progress

The Twenty-second Annual General Meeting of the Bengal Club was held in the Club premises at Parel on Sunday last with Mr. J. C. Maitra in the chair.

The Annual Report showed record progress made by the Club in all directions during the year under review. The membership rose from 120 to 283, including one new Patron and 23 New Life Members. Their outstanding achievement was the conversion of the Building plot at Naigaum from leasehold to freehold on payment of Rs. 6,000 to the Bombay Municipality.

NEW MANAGING COMMITTEE

The following Managing Committee was elected for the year 1944-45:
President: Mr. J C. Maitra.
Vice-President: Mr. A. T. Bel.
Hon. Secretary: Mr. B. K. Sen.
Hon. Asst. Secretary: Mr. S. P. Ghosh.
Hon. Treasurer: Mr. S. K. Pyne.
Members: Messrs. H. M Dev, S. K. Hazra, M. C. Gupta, T. N. Sen, J. M. Lala, S. C. Bose, A. Maiti and A. Roy.

Bombay R. A. F. Avenges Bangalore Defeat

In their return match with the Bangalore R.A.F., the Bombay Airmen avenged their last defeat by the odd goal in three at the Cooperage on Sunday evening. Extra time had however to be played before the decision was arrived at.

The battle was not as thrilling as the International tie of Saturday. But it must be said to the credit of the contending parties that they fought hard from beginning to end to make the issue an interesting one.

The visitors were the first to score. Lee, their centre-forward netted from a palpably offside position. Matters were levelled up by Bullock converting a spot-kick. The score would have been different at half time, had not Calvert, the home Custodian saved a penalty shot in grand style.

In the second half, both sides tried hard to gain the lead but the defenders on either side prevented the attackers from gaining their object. The rival goal-keepers and the backs were particularly prominent in discharging their duties.

With the score standing at one-all, extra time was played. McGwan Bombay's right winger, earned the distinction of notching the winning goal in the latter period.

Referee: Watkins.

NEW W. I. GOLF CHAMPION

NASIK, Sept. 9: The New Western India Golf Champion is now Capt. W. S. Turnbull (Bombay), who after a battle royal that waged over the second eighteen holes in the final, defeated Lt. J. R. Thompson (Bangalore) this evening.—A. P.

C. C. I. BEAT MEDICOS

A brilliant 96 by S. H. M. Colah was the feature of Sunday's whole-day fixture at the Stadium between the C.C.I. and the Grant Medical College. The Club who batted first declared its innings closed when the score stood at 246 for five. Colah who played on behalf of the Club was helped by J. A. Dadyseth and J. S. Lawyer each of whom contributed 41 and 42 respectively.

The medicos could not do well against the C.C.I. bowling and were all out for 136 thus losing the match by a big margin.

Scores:

C.C.I.

J. A. Dadyseth 41; V. N. Raiji 22; U. M Thackersey 13; S. H. M. Colah 96; Jimmy 3; Lawyer 42; K. Sanjana (not out) 12; R. G. Vachha (not out) 1; the rest did not bat; Extras 19; Total 246 (for 5 wickets).

GRAND MEDICAL COLLEGE

Rannavare 0; N. Wadia 10; N. Colah 5; E. Bhorat 12; Gajendrasingh 38; B. Meherhomji 23; R. Aziz 18; C. A. Ranade 0; M. A. Botawala 11; S. Shirley 4; Bhawdekar (not out) 0; Extras 15; Total 136.

Civil Football Tournament 1944

POONA (By Mail).

An Open Football Tournament—open to civil teams only—organised by the Maharashtra Football Federation will commence from Tuesday the 26th September, 1944. Entries close on the 20th September, 1944. Entrance fee is Rs. 11 excluding affiliation fees. Full particulars can be had from S. Bajirao, Hon. Secretary, Maharashtra Football Federation, c/o Maharashtra Gymkhana or Laxmi Road, near City Post Office, Poona 2.

"BY-ELECTION" FOR WARD NO. 17

Personation Cases

The City Magistrates convicted and fined the personators upto Rs. 100 or in default, 2 months' rigorous imprisonment. Mr. D. S. Laud was the Polling Superintendent who filed the prosecutions."

APPEAL FOR HELP TO FLOOD-STRICKEN JODHPUR

The General Secretary, All-India States People's Conference, who is touring Bengal and Assam, has received telegraphic intimation from the Marwar Lok Parishad, Jodhpur that three districts of the State, viz. Bali, Pachpadhra and Jaloie, have been flooded resulting in great losses. He has telegraphed for more details and has appealed to the people of Bengal and Assam to help the people in the flood-stricken areas which have suffered twice within a period of four years.

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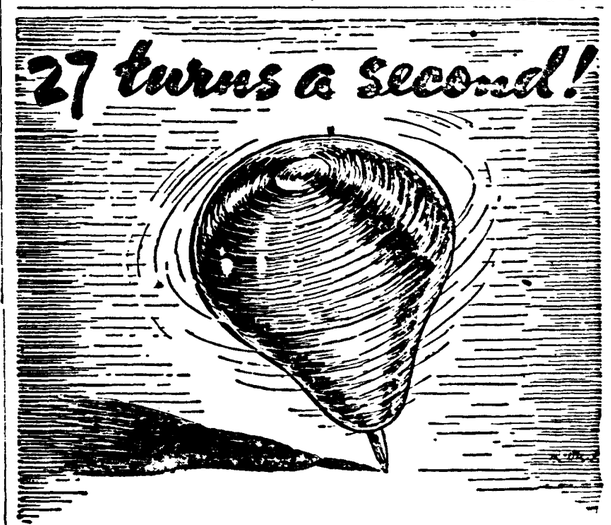

IT may be more!.... But it is the resultant poise attained from these fast gyrations that signifies the top's efficient performance. Rail transport today depends no less upon the speedy turn-round of wagons to maintain efficient operation. Transport has made, and continues to make a vital contribution to India's War Effort by keeping both the Home and Fighting fronts fully supplied. Lastly, it should be remembered that through the arteries of transport flows the life-blood of the armies who are fighting for our freedom.
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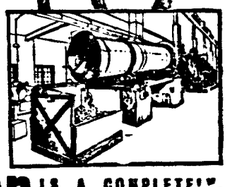
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2. Ask to see the list of controlled maximum prices. See that it is up to date. The prices of many drugs have been considerably reduced since control was first introduced and official amendments have been issued to chemists for the correction of their lists. If your chemist's schedule contains no **OFFICIAL** amendments it is not up to date and he is committing an offence under the Drugs Control Order.

3. The list contains also an index a list of local authorities and an explanatory note describing the only extras a chemist is allowed to charge.

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CONVICTED FOR DRAWING "GHOST" RATIONS

Kanayalal Nayen and Bapu Rama Gaikwad of Bombay City have been convicted and sentenced to undergo one week's simple imprisonment and Rs. 25 fine and three days' simple imprisonment respectively for failure to report the death of their family members and for drawing rations on the deceased' ration cards.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Sept. 10.

Following is the weather chart showing maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at 8 hours on 7th September, 1944:—

Allanabad 91 69 0.1; Bombay 87 76 0; Calcutta 91 80 0; Cawnpore 99 70 0; Cuttack 90 79 0; Dajeeling 65 53 0; Delhi 93 74 0; Dehra Dun 87 69 0; Jacobabad 97 81 0; Karachi 89 80 0; Lahore nil nil nil; Lucknow 93 78 0; Madras 89 74 0.2; Nagpur 87 73 0.8; Patna 93 82 0; Peshawar 93 72 0; Shillong nil nil nil; Simla 65 58 0.2.—A.P.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Nothing is high because it is in a high place;.....and nothing is low because it is in a low one.

—Charles Dickens.

The Bombay Chronicle

GIVE HIM A CHANCE

The joint statement issued by Gandhiji and Mr. Jinnah after their first meeting on Saturday is naturally very brief and discloses nothing beyond the fact that they had "frank and friendly talk, which will be resumed on Monday." Brief and reticent as it is, it gives the lie direct to the mischievous rumour circulated by some that the talks had already been almost broken off and might again be indefinitely postponed. We have reason to believe this is an utterly unwarranted report and we must warn the public against similar canards misrepresenting very brief authoritative statements or even their absence. It is necessarily difficult to make full or detailed statements till the talks reach a decisive stage. As regards the criticism of the formula which is the basis of the present talks or of the various issues arising therefrom, it may be as rigorous as is necessary but it should be in as temperate language as possible and should never seek to influence prejudices and passions.

Our own attitude to the formula has already been made clear. It not only gives full support to Gandhiji but also seeks to show that in conceding the principle of self-determination to the areas with Muslim majority, subject to safeguards for the essential interests of the country as a whole, Gandhiji has not violated the spirit of the Congress decisions on the subject. This latter point we supported, in our leading article on Saturday, with quotations from Congress resolutions themselves. Mr. Govindlal Shivlal Motilal, however, takes exception to this article. His letter on this subject, printed in another column on this page, says: "The Delhi resolution of the Working Committee quoted by you was negatived by the resolution of the A.I.C.C. held at Allahabad after the Delhi meeting of the Working Committee." The relevant part of the Delhi resolution of the Working Committee and one on which, we believe, Gandhiji relies most, says that "the Committee cannot think in terms of compelling the people in any territorial unit to remain in an Indian Union against their declared and established will." On the other hand the later A.I.C.C. resolution stated: "The A.I.C.C. is of opinion that any proposal to disintegrate India by giving liberty to any component state or territorial unit to secede from the Indian Union or Federation will be highly detrimental to the best interests of the people of the different States and provinces and the country as a whole and the Congress, therefore, cannot agree to any such proposal." Many, however, held the view that this resolution did not negative that of the Working Committee. The President himself gave a ruling in favour of this view in the open session of the A.I.C.C. held in Bombay in August, 1942, which was also supported by Pandit Jawaharlal in his reply to a query from Dr. Latif.

Referring to our quotation from the A.I.C.C. resolution of August 1942 permitting the largest measure of autonomy for the federating units and with the residuary power vesting in these units, Mr. Govindlal argues that this does not support division. It does not support complete severance. But it does not preclude division subject to conditions safeguarding the essential interests of the country as a whole. Having quoted this part of the resolution we shall let the readers judge for themselves. As for Mr. Govindlal's remark that our quoting this part is like the devil quoting the scriptures, it is, to say the least, unworthy of a responsible Congressman like him. However, what is most relevant is the ruling of the President of the Congress that the passing of Pandit Jagatnarayanlal's resolution did not affect the position of the Congress as defined in the Delhi resolution of the Working Committee and it is in view of all these quotations and what we consider to be their permissible interpretation, that we maintain that Gandhiji has not violated the spirit of Congress resolutions. And we feel sure that for the same reason numerous Congressmen have given their whole-hearted support to Gandhiji. Mr. Govindlal also refers us to Gandhiji's own speech at the last A.I.C.C. meeting. We do not know to which particular part of the speech he refers. But Gandhiji did say at this meeting: "Pakistan cannot be away from Hindustan. Let both and all of us strive for the attainment of the freedom of India." Through the present formula, with its vital conditions, he is attempting to reconcile Pakistan, patrictically designed, with Hindustan and to induce both to hasten the freedom of both. Let us give him a chance without misrepresenting his attitude.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Roosevelt-Churchill Meeting

Mr. Winston Churchill has not been heard of since his return to London from Italy. This, coupled with reports of the gathering of press correspondents and of accommodation arrangements in Ottawa, which suggest that the need for security silence has ended, show that a Roosevelt-Churchill meeting is not only imminent but, further, that Mr. Churchill has already reached Canada. This meeting will be more important than the previous President-Premier meeting and even more important than the Teheran Conference. The earlier discussions dealt with plans that were to be launched in order to bring Germany to her knees. Those plans are now already in force and in fact so well advanced in their execution that the problem now is to formulate plans dealing with the situation that will arise —and very soon, too—on unconditional surrender by Germany. This is in itself a serious problem.

Complications

But it is further complicated by developments elsewhere in Europe as a result of the rout of Germany. There are internal troubles in certain Allied countries, Poland was one instance. France threatens to be another. Then, again, Soviet Russia's master-stroke in declaring war on Bulgaria and the imminent entry of the Red Army into Yugo-Slavia and later, into Greece has raised some political problems for the Anglo-Saxon Powers in respect of their position in the Balkans and, indeed, in the entire region of Eastern Europe from Finland to Greece. A good deal of profound thought will have to be given by President Roosevelt and Mr. Churchill to all this. For on a settlement of these problems in a manner that does not disturb good relations and collaboration among the Big Three will depend the future not only of Europe but also of more than half the world.

The Balkan Trap

The Russo-Bulgar "war" is officially over with Moscow announcing that the Red Army has "ceased fire." This is, of course a formal military phrase, for, in actual fact, the Bulgars sued for an armistice immediately upon being informed of Russia's declaration and never opened fire at all. The Russian declaration was, as we said at the time, a brilliant strategical manoeuvre. It is quickly bringing big results. Within two days of entering Bulgaria the Red Army, with Bulgarian troops serving as comrades-in-arm, has overrun the Black Sea coast and is only 80 miles from Greece—we hope the arrival of the Red Army on the Turkish frontier does not lead to unforeseen results. These eighty miles will be covered in another two days and then the 200,000 Germans trapped in Greece, Albania and Yugo-Slavia will meet with the fate which they have escaped so long and the Balkans will be liberated. It would be a great event. By the way, a correspondent, referring to our comment that the Russo-Bulgar "war" was perhaps the shortest of all wars and utterly bloodless, too, recalls "the similar war between Japan and Siam" in December 1941. Apart from the fact that in the latter case there was no declaration of "war" on either side, it was however, somewhat different from the Russo-Bulgar "war", in that the Thai army did resist Japanese aggression for a few hours.

Propaganda In Britain

It is interesting to learn that the result of the latest Gallup Poll organised by the "News Chronicle" of London, reveals a considerable shift of opinion among the British public in favour of reopening negotiations with Indian leaders. It is said that 52 per cent of the replies were favourable to fresh negotiations, that 13 per cent were against the proposal, and that the rest were indecisive. The first percentage will be much higher in the near future as a result of fresh attempts here to secure communal unity and of the revelations made by Mr. William Phillips' report on India. It will be higher still if the true representatives of India are permitted to explain to the British public the real situation here. But for that very reason they may not be permitted to go to Britain.

And In America

Babu Purshotamdas Tandon, Speaker of the U. P. Assembly, has suggested the need for representative Indians visiting America to counteract the campaign of "vilification and misrepresentation", but here, too, the difficulty is that such Indians will not be given the necessary facilities to go abroad. He, therefore, expects friends like Pearl Buck and Louis Fischer to do what Indians are not allowed to do for themselves. The same is to be done in Britain, too. The truth about India cannot be for ever suppressed or prevented from spreading abroad. But all concerned should see that there is no avoidable delay in carrying on whatever propaganda is possible both here and abroad.

Flood Relief

The citizens of Bombay have only lived up to their tradition in forming promptly an influential committee to collect funds for the relief of distress caused by the recent floods in Gujerat and Maharashtra. As the Mayor, the President of the Committee, pointed out, Bombay city had already many calls on its resources, particularly in connection with the Kasturba Memorial Fund and the relief of those affected by the recent explosions. Nevertheless we share his confidence that the city will shoulder this additional responsibility and subscribe generously to the flood relief fund.

"An Historic Meeting"

I regret to see that a paper of your standing should have produced the leader like the one that appears in this morning's issue of your paper. You wish your readers to believe that the Congress has accepted the principle of division and Gandhiji in sponsoring Rajaji's Formula is carrying out the Congress mandate. Those who do not agree with this view are held up by you as ignorant of the Congress resolutions. I should like to point out that the Delhi resolution of the Working Committee quoted by you was negatived by the Resolution of the A.I.C.C. held at Allahabad after the Delhi meeting of the Working Committee. You owe it to your readers to say whether you are ignorant of that resolution or if you are aware of it why you have not referred to it at all. You then proceed to cite a passage of the 8th August resolution in support of your contention. It is like the devil quoting the scripture If you will coolly reconsider it you must come to the conclusion that that resolution does not at all favour division. It speaks of "federation" which is the antithesis of division. Giving of "largest measure of autonomy for the federating units and vesting residuary powers in them" contemplated in the resolution, can by no stretch of imagination be said to be acceptance of the principle of division. You must not have forgotten what Gandhiji said in his address to the A.I.C.C. immediately after the 8th August resolution was passed as to the Muslim League demand of partition. Will you please look it up now and say that you can still truthfully claim that the Congress resolution affords sanction for division of India. Were the Muslim League and its great President incapable of understanding its true import? Would the Muslim League and the Quaid-e-Azam have criticised the 8th August resolution as they did if the idea of partition had been favoured?

Gandhiji is great and greater than the Congress. He can ignore the A.I.C.C. and the best thing for him to do is to frankly state that he has changed his opinion and he will endeavour to change the opinion of the A.I.C.C. He, I am sure, has the courage to say it. But attempt like yours to misrepresent the Congress position cannot mislead any person who has read the Congress resolutions and remembers them, too.

I want Hindu-Muslim unity and a reasonable settlement, not only for the political progress of India but for other reasons also. The political tension, if it continues, might go deeper and penetrate and poison other spheres of life with dire consequences to both communities. But I am not prepared to accept the contention that the Congress resolutions as they stand are not opposed to division.

GOVINDLAL S. MOTILAL.
Land's End Road.

Kasturba Memorial Fund Collections In Thana

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, Sept. 8.

The work of collecting funds for the Kasturba Memorial is proceeding very briskly in the whole of the district. So far promises to the extent of Rs 55,000 have been secured. Mr. G. D. Vartak, M.L.A. President of the Committee and Mr. V. V. Kirtane the Treasurer of the Committee hope to collect Rs. 75,000 in the district. The District Mahila Mandal has so far collected Rs. 1,000 from Shahapur, Rs. 400 from Dahanu, Rs. 400 from Bassein and Rs. 200 from Kalyan. The detailed collections from different talukas are as follows: Umbergaon, Rs. 10,000, Dahanu Rs. 9,800, Palghar Rs. 8,800, Bassein Rs. 11,000, Thana Rs. 7,500, Kalyan Rs. 3,000, Bhivandi Rs. 500, Shahapur Rs. 3,000, Murbad Rs. 1,000.

Sterling Balances: Some Suggestions

By Professor C. N. Vakil

The object of this article is to explain some of the suggestions already made by me to deal with the problem of sterling balances. I have expressed the view in a public lecture delivered under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Union in the University Convocation Hall on 6th August last that immediate arrangements should be made to stop the further accumulation of sterling balances. Since then, the non-official delegates to the International Monetary Conference have in their statements expressed a similar view with this difference that they advocate the stopping of the further accumulation of sterling after the war. The difference in the two views is not merely that of the time element as it may at first sight appear. The difference is more fundamental. My suggestion for the immediate stopping of further accumulation of sterling balances involves mainly a change in the present financial policy of the Government of India regarding the way in which they finance the rupee requirements of the U.K. The other suggestion of doing the same thing after the war involves a definite change in our trade policy in the post-war period, particularly with the U.K. This suggestion ignores the fact that the existing volume of sterling balances may increase further before the war ends; the extent of the increase will depend on the time when the war with Japan comes to an end, and the amount of expenditure in rupees that the S. E. A. C. will incur in the meanwhile. For the sake of argument, let us assume that by the time the war in the East is over the volume of sterling balances which is now about Rs. 1,000 crores, may grow to Rs. 1,500 crores. The above suggestion of an action in the post-war period does not affect such a possibility, whereas my suggestion for an immediate action is to prevent such a possibility.

PROBLEM AFTER THE WAR

I think practical men will agree that the problem which has already become acute should not be allowed to assume still greater dimensions, and it is, therefore, necessary in the interests of the country to try and find the solution to prevent the further accumulation of sterling balances which may thus reduce the consequent embarassment to the U. K. and economic disturbances in India. Before discussing the methods by which this can be achieved, let me first analyse the second suggestion referred to above regarding the stoppage of the accumulation of sterling after the war. Sterling may accrue to us after the war, if for any given period, say, a year, we export to the U.K. more than we import from her on current account. If we assume that part of our import requirements will be met over a period of years by the gradual liquidation of the existing sterling balances, then the imports on current account that may be paid for by exports may not be large; or they may be smaller than our probable exports. If we have an export surplus during the decade after the war on the above assumption, we shall have to give credit to the foreign country that takes our goods, as it is not likely that we shall be able to recover our due in gold in all cases. This credit in the case of Empire countries will have to be in sterling. If we decide not to allow sterling to our credit to be accumulated in this way after the war, we shall have to stop exports and in consequence depress our export trade and those producers who are dependent on such trade. I do not think that those who have suggested this step desire such a contingency. In fact it is the main object of the International Monetary Fund to help countries in making adjustment of their balance of payments on trade account of this nature after the war. Those who advocate our joining the Fund inspite of the attitude towards India of leading allied countries, should not be afraid of having such sterling balances in our favour arising after the war on current trade account. It may be added that the sterling which may accrue to us after the war in this way cannot be as large as the sterling which accumulates now on account of the present financial policy; besides, it should not be difficult to arrange for a multilateral clearing of such sterling after the war as it can be made a condition of our export trade even during the transition period before the International Monetary Fund comes into operation.

The above analysis is attempted in order to show that what is important at the moment is to stop the further accumulation of sterling at present which is mainly due to the way in which India finances the rupee requirements of the U.K. If this can be done, we may reduce the intensity of the existing problem, which is already causing anxiety and trouble at its present dimension.

INCONSISTENT POLICY OF GOVERNMENT

The Government of India have become inflation-conscious, though late, and have adopted a series of anti-inflationary measures. It is obvious, however, that so long as they continue to inflate the currency in order to finance the British war expenditure in India, their anti-inflationary measures are like weak dams against the powerful rush of flood waters. The logical step that the Government of India should have adopted as soon as they accepted an anti-inflationary policy on a large scale was to have insisted upon the U.K. to find other means to finance them in India and should have refused to agree to issue more notes for this purpose. If they had done so at least from May 1943 when the Finance Member began to introduce anti-inflationary measures by Ordinances, we would not have been in the present plight both within the country and with reference to the sterling balances because the volume of sterling balances in that case could have been prevented from rising further.

SUGGESTED SOLUTIONS

The question then arises as to how is the U.K. to find rupees in India for her war needs without creating grave economic problems for this country. No one method of doing so will suffice; it can be done by a combination of methods if there is the will to do so and the determination not to bring further economic disasters on India. The methods are considered below:—

(1) Export of goods to India for which rupees can be obtained. (a) Food is the greatest necessity at present in India. The quantity of food promised to India from abroad has not yet arrived. It should not be difficult for the Allies now to obtain food from surplus areas and ship it to this country in large quantities. (b) In a lesser degree India should be supplied with other consumers' goods, some capital goods badly required, and even gold and silver. I need not discuss in detail some partial measures recently taken in connection with some of these; they at least confirm my view expressed last year that it is quite possible to send these articles to India during the war and to obtain rupees for the same.

(2) The other method which should have been tried long ago is the liquidation of British commercial assets in India. Capitalists in India are in a position to acquire these assets at the present moment and by proper negotiations satisfactory deals could be made, releasing large quantities of rupee finance for the U.K.

(3) If the two methods outlined above do not suffice, the U.K. should ask for rupee loans from the Government of India. Each loan should be properly negotiated with terms for repayment in rupees laid down in advance. The Government of India should in turn raise the necessary amount from the public. This is not a fantastic or impracticable suggestion. If the necessary atmosphere is created by carrying out methods (1) and (2) there will be adequate economic strength in the country and confidence for subscribing to such loans. Further, if the conditions of the repayment by the U.K. are known and broadcast, the hesitation which sometimes exists with reference to Government loans need not arise.

EFFECTS OF PROPOSED CHANGE

By the above policy the rupee will be stronger in-as-much as there will be a demand for rupees from the foreigners to pay the Government of India in future. We would be in a position to select the goods that we might purchase in the future as those having to pay us will deal with us as real creditors, unlike the present position in which we have all the compliments of a creditor nation without the substance. At the same time further inflation will stop, and thus the work of economic controls will become easy and effective. In consequence, the burden of the war will be distributed more equitably.

INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL VALUE OF RUPEE

If we put our house in order in this way without delay, we shall be in a position to decide effectively the future policy regarding the internal and external value of the rupee. In the immediate post-war period, this problem of the internal and external value of the rupee will have to be faced. Wisdom requires that we should have clear ideas about the policy properly defined from now instead of a policy of drift. The solution of this problem will become more difficult if inflation is continued; it will be less difficult to regulate and control the internal and external value of the rupee, if the changes in our financial policy outlined above are carried out forthwith. Unfortunately the problem of the future of the rupee has not been given any serious attention so far. The level at which prices should be established, and the level at which the exchange value of the rupee should be fixed if a change becomes necessary, as is not unlikely, are obviously questions which affect the entire economic structure of the country. Unless these problems are tackled properly, in time, and in the interests of India, the various plans for reconstruction may be adversely affected. It is high time therefore that public opinion should demand from the Government of India a prompt consideration of this problem and the laying down of a policy which will safeguard our interests and help our economic development.

"UNFAIR ATTACK ON MILITARY DRIVERS"

Army Reply To Bombay Corporation's Resolution

The following statement is issued by the local Army authorities:

"Once again the question of traffic accidents in Bombay has been discussed by a local body and once again the military driver has been pointed out as the culprit. The wording of the Bombay Municipal Corporation's resolution in which, as reported attention was drawn to "rash and negligent driving of military motor vehicles in the city" was, to say the least, unfortunate, while the sweeping statements by members reflecting on the attitude of mind and training of the drivers constituted an unfair attack on all drivers whose duties in driving about the city call for experience and skill which many civilian drivers lack.

Members of the Municipal Corporation are asking the public to believe that in the majority of accidents the military driver is responsible. There are many factors conducive to accidents and by far the greatest contributory cause is the jay-walking by pedestrians. A journey in any vehicle, whether military or civil, will convince anyone, even the habitual walker, of the truth of this. Careless walking across a road, and often down it, has been the cause of more accidents than all the instances of careless driving the members of the Corporation can think of. However wide the pavement the public will persist in walking on the road. When crossing it they are far from alert, and when a crisis occurs do not always retain their presence of mind.

It is noticeable that only military drivers were made the target of attack. Many of the accidents in the City have been brought about by civilian drivers, particularly taxi drivers who not only drive carelessly but show by their driving an apparent ignorance of the ordinary traffic rules. On the other hand drivers of military vehicles are disciplined and from the preliminary stages of their training (incidentally on different kinds of transport) they are taught the complete handling of their vehicles, and with their growing experience learn the all-important rules of the road.

It is not denied that drivers of military vehicles are the cause of some accidents in the city but it is not true to accuse them of recklessness or negligence. It should be borne in mind that there has been a large increase in traffic in recent months due to the extensive work being carried out in the restoration of the docks area following the explosion.

The Army has always taken and continues to take steps to minimise the number of accidents in the city. The measures taken include special patrols of Service police on motor-cycles and also combined patrols of military and civil police. These traffic police never relax their vigilance for a moment and do not hesitate to bring an offending military driver to book with resultant disciplinary action.

With all this in mind it cannot be truthfully said that the majority of street accidents are caused by drivers of military vehicles, and the contnuance of one-sided attacks on them such as was witnessed in the Corporation meeting the other day will not help matters.

SUBRAMANIA BHARATI

Patriot Poet Of South India

The Literary Secretary of the South Indian Association writes:—

To-day Tamilians all over the country will be celebrating the 23rd death anniversary of the late-lamented Poet Subramania Bharati. In Bombay, the South Indian Association's three-day programme of celebrations concludes to-day when there will be a symposium on the great poet and his contribution to nationalism and the literature of the country.

Bharati's name is associated with the on-flow and outburst of national fervour in South India in the years 1905 to 1908 when he sought to give literary form and poetic expression to the national craving for freedom. As a composer of songs in chaste and simple language, at once dignified and appealing, every word breathing intense patriotism, he has no peer.

Bharati was a poet, philosopher and prophet in one. Foremost among his songs is the Tamil National Anthem beginning

"Parunkale nalla natu—Enkal Baratha Natu"

referring to which the late S. Srinivasa Iyengar observed, "Patriotism becomes real and potent only when it is linked to the witchery of liquid song."

Bharati's devotional songs far outnumber his other songs, the tunes being varied and original. His epic "Panchali Sapatham" contains 2,500 lines in all besides 24 pages of his own notes and explanation. His prose writings are profuse and include essays, short stories and novels. As a writer and poet, the chief characteristic of Bharati's works is their simplicity.

PEOPLE'S VOLUNTEER BRIGADE

Mr. S. K. Patil, General Secretary of the P.V.B. writes:

A meeting of the Board of Control of the People's Volunteer Brigade was held on Friday evening at the Jinnah Hall to take stock of the work done during the last two years and decide the policy for the future. Mr. N. M. Joshi presided.

Both Mr. N. M. Joshi, Vice-President, and Mr. V. L. Mehta, Secretary, gave a brief account of the work done by the P.V.B.

A resolution was unanimously passed by the Board putting on record the Board's appreciation of the steps taken by the office-bearers during very difficult times. Thereafter Mr. N. M. Joshi, Mr. Pranlal Devkaran Nanji and Mr. V. L. Mehta resigned their posts as the Vice-President, the Treasurer and the Secretary respectively of the Board. These resignations were accepted and the Board unanimously elected Mr. Nagindas T. Master as the President, Mr. S. K. Patil and Mr. Ratilal M. Gandhi as the Secretary and the Treasurer respectively of the Board.

The Office of the Board is at Jinnah Hall as before. All enquiries regarding the P.V.B. affairs should be made to the Office of the P.V.B. at Jinnah Hall.

U. S. Monetary Sleuth's Mission For London

WASHINGTON Sept. 9.—A mission of American "International Monetary Sleuths" will soon leave for London on journey to ferret out German nest-eggers in Europe and Latin America. Composed of members of the United States Foreign Economic Administration and Treasury, the Mission will first confer with the heads of European Governments in exile in London on measures to prevent the Germans from keeping their financial loot in occupied countries.

The mission will visit Stockholm, Lisbon, Zurich, Madrid, Ankara and later go to most of the Latin American capitals.—Reuter.

Mahatma's 75th Birthday

BOMBAY, Sunday.

A detailed programme in connection with the 75th birthday celebrations of Mahatma Gandhi from September 14 to October 2, was discussed at a meeting of Congress workers held at Marwadi Vidyalaya this evening. About 500 workers attended.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

KENILWORTH (Warwickshire), Sept. 9: Foreign Secretary Mr. Anthony Eden speaking at Kenilworth to-night said: "Apart from our German enemies we have the Japanese to deal with. We have scores of our own to settle with them and we mean to play to the full our part in bringing them to defeat. They have overrun vast territories which formed part of the British Commonwealth and Empire and we are determined as with Germany to see that our victory is utterly complete."
—Reuter.

* * *

"A British industrial group of 58 large industries in the Midlands has been formed, according to a Reuter's report, "to make a special study of Indian marketing questions."

We suggest the fixing in the immediate future of a special day of prayer all over India to invoke the protection of Providence for this country.

* * *

The group, we learn further, is "to prepare for the forthcoming Indian industrial delegation and be ready to give it helpful co-operation."

We, therefore, further suggest that the Special Prayers should also include an appeal in respect to the members of the Indian Industrial delegation.

* * *

Reuter's report that the Phillips' affair is to be raised in Parliament by Sir John Wardlaw-Milne "an authority on India."

And what an authority, too!

He was for long a leading inhabitant of "Europe-in-India."

* * *

Mr. Mamoru Shigemitsu, the Jap Foreign Minister, has given his Parliament a five-point summary of Japan's war aims.

They are we need hardly say, most inspiring until they end in a one-point peace aim.

* * *

The Air Ministry announces a sharp attack by Mosquitos on Nuremberg.

The famous Nazi Party Conference venue thus witnessed another series of explosive fireworks but of a different kind.

*

The Moscow Radio on Saturday night said that the Red Army had ceased fire in Bulgaria.—Reuter

Congratulations on ceasing what was never opened.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

The biggest man on earth began life in a small way.

*

Dreams and weather predictions usually go by contraries.

*

Wise is the man who pays for what he gets and gets what he pays for.

*

Many of the most troublesome things in life spring from wrong inferences.

*

It is bootless for a man to have an aim in life if he has no ammunition to back it up.

*

The proprietor of a business has one advantage over his assistants—he can work whether he feels like it or not.

Mishra Surrenders Himself To Police

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, Sept. 9

Pundit Satyendraprasad Mishra, a brother of Pundit D. P. Mishra, ex-Minister, now a security prisoner who, after evading arrest for two years discovered himself in response to Gandhiji's instructions courted arrest on August 27 under 129 D.I.R. It is understood he will be placed in police custody under Provincial Government orders.

Another Absconder Surrenders

CHAPPRA, Sept. 9

Mahendra Singh, a Graduate of Sitabdiara, who was absconding since August 1942, discovered himself in obedience of Mahatma Gandhi's instructions after informing the authorities.—United Press.

Three Security Prisoners On Parole

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, Sept. 9

Thakur Lakshmansingh Chowhan (Jubbulpore), Amarsingh Saighal, M.L.A. (Bilaspur) and Dr. P. G. Sapre (Saugar), Security prisoners have been released on ten days' parole from Seoni Jail owing to family members' illness.

CUT OUT R AND KEEP

FIXED PRICES OF VEGETABLE GHEE AND TAWDA

The maximum prices of vegetable ghee and preparations known as Tawda or Tawra which are a mixture of vegetable ghee and oil or ghee have been fixed as follows under the Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance (Vide Notification No F. 22 (164)—AP/44 of September 2, 1944, of the Government of India, Department of Industries and Civil Supplies which amends Notification No. F. 22 (164)—AP/44 of August 26, 1944).

	Bombay City and Suburbs	For other places in Bombay Presidency.	Rest of India.
	Rs. As. ps.	Rs. As. ps.	Rs. As. ps.
The price at which the manufacturer's distributors may sell	per lb. 0 8 6	per lb. 0 9 6	per lb. 0 10 6
Wholesale price (namely price for a minimum of 30 lbs. in manufacturer's original sealed container)	0 9 0	0 10 0	0 11 0
Retail price (namely price for vegetable ghee sold loose in smaller quantities)	0 10 0	0 11 0	0 12 0

Notes:—(1) 0 0 6 per lb. extra may be charged for tins of 35-37 lbs.

(2) In respect of vegetable ghee produced at Delhi Ganziabad, Cawnpore, and Begumbad for export to other centres, a small addition just sufficient to cover freight and octroi if it exceeds three pies in the rupee may be made to the prices mentioned in column 4 above.

(3) Six pies per lb. extra may be charged for the following special brands:—Kotogem (Mody's); Binaula and Sitar (Ganesh Flour Mills); and Cotex (Amrit Banaspati).

PRICES OF SMALL PACKS.

	10 lb. tin.	5 lb. tin.	2 lb. tin.	1 lb. tin.
	Rs. As. ps.	Rs. As. ps.	Rs. As ps.	Rs. As. ps.
Dalda	8 1 0	4 3 0	1 12 0	0 14 0
Kotogem	8 1 0	4 3 0	..	..
Binaula	8 1 0	4 3 0	..	..
Sitar	8 1 0	4 3 0	..	..
Cotex	8 1 0	4 3 0	..	..
Other Brands	7 12 0	4 0 0	..	..

The above prices for small packs take into account the average expenditure on freight and octroi.

IN olden times many natural products were used for bathing, such as *moong*, (green gram) finely powdered and mixed into a paste. This is reputed to have a cooling effect, something like the deliciously cool and refreshing lather of fragrant HAMAM SOAP but without its oil and cleaning properties. All the advantages of the old fashioned methods are combined in HAMAM SOAP plus the convenience and efficiency of a most delightful soap.

HAMAM

The Big Soap for your Bath

TOMCO SALES DEPT. Churchgate Street Bombay

THE TATA OIL MILLS CO., LTD., TATAPURAM & BOMBAY

It is Safe and Lucrative to Bank with

BHARATI CENTRAL BANK LTD.

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WORKING CAPITAL

Exceeds over

Rs. 80,00,000 (Lacs)

36

Branches have been working in seven Provinces of India on higher Banking Principles

Managing Director: Mr. N. C. DATTA, M.A., B.L.

Vitality returns!

Wincarnis — the world famous tonic — will bring back your lost vitality. A glass a day gives a new springiness to the step and a sparkle to the eye; makes the mind keen and vigorous; fits you to face the changing world with courage and confidence. Start taking Wincarnis now and live your life to the full!

WINCARNIS

TONIC & RESTORATIVE

Of all Chemists bazaars & stores

The Quickest way to Health!

1/W 128.

Escaped Indian and Gurkha prisoners of war repatriated from Italy who arrived in Bombay recently saw their homeland for the first time for several years. Lieut. V. S. Jog from Amraoti, C. P. says good-bye to Havildar Jute Gurung and Naik Bhisanbahadur Mall. It was Lieut. Jog, who surprised by a German spy turned the tables during the night, knocked the man out stabbed him to death. The Havildar and the Naik later helped to dispose of the body.

STAGE SET FOR ROOSEVELT—CHURCHILL MEETING

Plan For Speeding Up War Against Japs In Far East

OTTAWA, September 9.

News correspondents and photographers have assembled at Quebec in great force. Chateau Frontenace with its 800 rooms has been taken over for official delegates while Clarendon Hotel and Chateau St. Louis are reserved for the Press and others. Great statesman will be guests of the Dominion Government, which is bearing all the expense of the Churchill-Roosevelt Conference.

Possibly President Roosevelt will await Prime Minister Churchill's arrival at Quebec before leaving the United States.

It is understood that the Governor-General, who is at present on a fishing trip on the Canadian-United States border, will return to Quebec to take up residence at the Citadel during the conference.

CHATEAU FRONTENACE (QUEBEC), Sept. 9: Indications multiplied here tonight that the all-out war against Japan with crushing aerial bombardment of Japanese cities will be the primary object of the Churchill-Roosevelt conference.

Eden On Britain's Part Against Japan

KENILWORTH (Warwickshire), Sept. 9: Foreign Secretary Mr. Anthony Eden speaking at Kenilworth to-night said: "Apart from our German enemies we have the Japanese to deal with. We have scores of our own to settle with them and we mean to play to the full our part in bringing them to defeat. They have overrun vast territories which formed part of the British Commonwealth and Empire and we are determined as with Germany to see that our victory is utterly complete."

LOCKHEEDS SPEEDS UP PRODUCTION

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 9: The Lockheed Aircraft Company at Burbank in California are launching a construction programme amounting to more than 13 million dollars to add to their equipment for increasing production for the Pacific War.

The firm is building long-range fighter bombers and transports which are all particularly essential to long-range warfare in the Pacific.

VON KLUGE DEAD; ROMMEL WOUNDED

From Reuter's Special Correspondent with the British Second Army in Belgium: Von Kluge is dead and Rommel is seriously wounded. This was confirmed by a captured German General in British hands tonight.

The General said Von Kluge was trapped and spent 24 hours. By the time he got back to his headquarters he found that he had been dismissed and he died of wounds he sustained in the pocket on train en route to Germany.

The General confirmed that Rommel was badly wounded and is now convalescing at Kreudstadt. He declared that the former German Field Commander would be fit for service in three to four months.

Holsinger's Latest

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, Sept. 9

Mr. Frederic Holsinger, ex-editor of the 'Indian Daily Mail" is standing as an independent candidate for the Chelsea by-election.

His election manifesto emphasises prosperity and peace for Britain without Socialism but does not refer to India or to foreign relations. Mr. Holsinger has been twice unsuccessful in Parliamentary by-elections and it is likely that in the Chelsea by-election he will forfeit the deposit.

MADAME CHIANG FOR U. S. A.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Sept. 9: Foreign Minister Leao Lelloso and Mayor of Rio De Janeiro, Dr. Henrique Doddsworth, called on Madame Chiang Kai-Shek this afternoon to bid her goodbye on leaving for the United States tonight. She will travel by special American plane via Belem and Miami.

IRON AND STEEL GOODS EXCEPTED

Licenses For Imports By Country Craft

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9.

The Government of India, in response to representations made that their Import Control Regulations have hampered the free movement of goods by country craft from countries in the Persian Gulf, Middle East and East African Shipping areas, have decided to relax these restrictions in respect of such imports from Sterling countries in those areas, says a press note.

An open general licence is therefore being issued, giving general permission for the importation of goods by country craft from such countries with certain exceptions, the most important of these exceptions being iron and steel goods licensed by the Steel Import Controller, goods made of aluminium, raw hemp and sisal fibre, raw cotton, dates, pyrethrum flowers, diamonds in all forms and gum copal.

Licences will now, therefore, be required only in respect of such imports that have been excluded from the scope of the open general licence. —A.P.

Bajaj Throws Light On Picketing At Sevagram

WARDHA, Sept. 9.

Mr. Kamalnayan Bajaj has issued the following statement:

"I saw reports regarding the picketing at Sewagram alleging that one picketer was rudely handled by Ashramites."

"There was picketing at three gates," adds Mr. Bajaj, "and the picketers threatened to stay at night also and interfered with the free movement of inmates of the Ashram and routine work became difficult. Some Ashramites suggested to them to confine picketing to the other gates but the picketers were excited."

Concluding Mr. Bajaj says: "At the same time an outsider, and not an Ashramite, who was excited, held Mr. Thatte's hand. Ashramites who were on the spot as also myself prevailed upon the visitor who became calm afterwards on my assurance that Gandhiji was not leaving, following which the picketers went away. Gandhiji does not expect even visitors to the Ashram to succumb to such provocations."

Mr. Bajaj who accompanied Gandhiji to Bombay, will go to Rajkot to preside over Gandhiji's birthday celebrations there."—United Press.

ELEVENTH V. C. OF INDIAN ARMY

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9: The Eleventh Indian Army Winner of the Victoria Cross in this war is Rifleman Ganju Lama, Seventh Gurkha Rifles of Sangmo Bust, Sikhim District, who, when his Company came under heavy tank gun and machine-gun fire at Ningthoukhong, on the Imphal Plain, crawled forward and though seriously wounded, knocked out two tanks with his P. I. A. T. gun, killing the crews with grenades. Ganju Lama, who is now recovering from his wounds, is the third Gurkha recipient of the V. C. in this war.—A. P.

Police Raid On Research Laboratory

CALCUTTA, Sept. 8.

A research laboratory in Central Calcutta was raided yesterday by the Enforcement Branch Police, who are reported to have seized 851 unlabelled injection ampules, alleged to contain spurious quinine, 71 ampules of labelled quinine and a large quantity of empty and ampulses and other paraphernalia.

The search was made following the arrest of a man in Barisal.

Twenty-seven persons were arrested during the day under the Anti-Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance and 419 maunds of mustard oil were seized from a mill in North Calcutta. Another ten tins of oil were seized from a grocer's shop in the area for alleged profiteering.—A.P.

Acquitted Of Sabotage

NAGPUR.

Judgment was delivered by the First Class Magistrate, Mr. Bhugkute Wardha, acquitting Dhebya Bhoi, the principal accused in the Pownar Sabotage case.

While acquitting the accused the Magistrate observed that the recovery of property was not from the accused but from one Ashrafali who was shown as an accused but was subsequently examined as a witness

It may be recalled that this case was in respect of the dacoity committed at the house of Mr. Deshmukh of Pownar. This charge was withdrawn from the main Pownar Sabotage Case and this case was separately put against accused Dhebya alone.—United Press.

Bhils Complain Of Alleged Police Excesses

(From Our Correspondent)

KUSHALGARH (Rajputana), (By Mail).

The Bhils of Baodi and Amlipada villages have submitted a written representation to the Manager (Dewan) Superintendent of Police and the Thakur of Kushalgarh Estate against the Police excess alleged to have been committed in their villages.

When this representation was submitted before the Dewan he instead of making any inquiry immediately ordered that the applicants along with the petition writer (who is a young educated Bhil worker) should be arrested. So all the applicants and the petition writer, 10 in number, were arrested and have been kept in jail.

SYNTHETIC CAMPHOR PRICES.

NEW DELHI, Sept. 8: By a notification issued under the Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance and published in the Gazette of India dated September 9, 1944, the Central Government have fixed the maximum selling prices chargeable by a dealer in respect of synthetic camphor powder at Rs. 385 per cwt. (wholesale) and Rs. 4 per lb. (retail). Dealers at specified hill stations are permitted to charge 3 per cent more than the above maximum prices.

BEWARE OF PEACE RUMOURS

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9: The United States Office of War Information and United States War and Navy Department jointly issued the following statement here to-day: "False rumours of German surrender or of negotiations looking towards surrender have already appeared and may be expected to be more frequent from now on. Some of these may be innocently spread. Others may be inspired by enemy propagandists who hope to cause confusion among the peoples of the United Nations and induce us to relax our efforts.

It is quite possible that there will be no single day which can be called the end of the war with Germany. Instead of surrender 'en masse', the German Armies may gradually disintegrate and surrender piecemeal. If there should be a general surrender the Headquarters of the Allied Expeditionary Force will be the first to know it. Accordingly no rumours of surrender should be accepted unless confirmed by Gen. Eisenhower.

If such rumours, without confirmation should be published or broadcast as matter of news, it is hoped more than usual care will be taken to attribute them to their sources." —Reuter.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Sept. 9.

October	21.38
December	21.17
January	21.07
Middling Spot	21.93

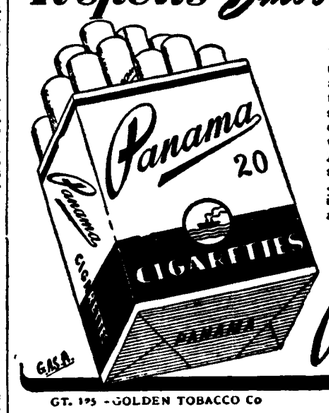
NEW ORLEANS COTTON

October	21.41
December	21.18
January	21.02
Middling Spot	21.93

LONDON EXCHANGE

T.T. on:	
New York, sellers	4.02½
,, buyers	4.03¼
Madrid official	44.00
Montreal, sellers	4.43
,, buyers,	4.47
Zurich sellers	17.3
,, buyers	17.4
Stockholm, sellers	16.85
,, buyers,	16.95

It spells Smooth Sailing..



True it is, today you've to weather more of hurry and bustle, sweat and strain . . . but there's no need to despair. In *Panama* you find something to cheer and tide you over the tough drab work-a-day world; for, the choice blend of *Panama* Cigarette is so mild and soothing . . . so fresh and fragrant . . . that the first puff puts you into the 'Take-it-easy' mood . . . and a few more set you smooth-sailing.

Panama

9 As. for 20.

GT. 175 -GOLDEN TOBACCO Co

STAFFADS' *Butter*

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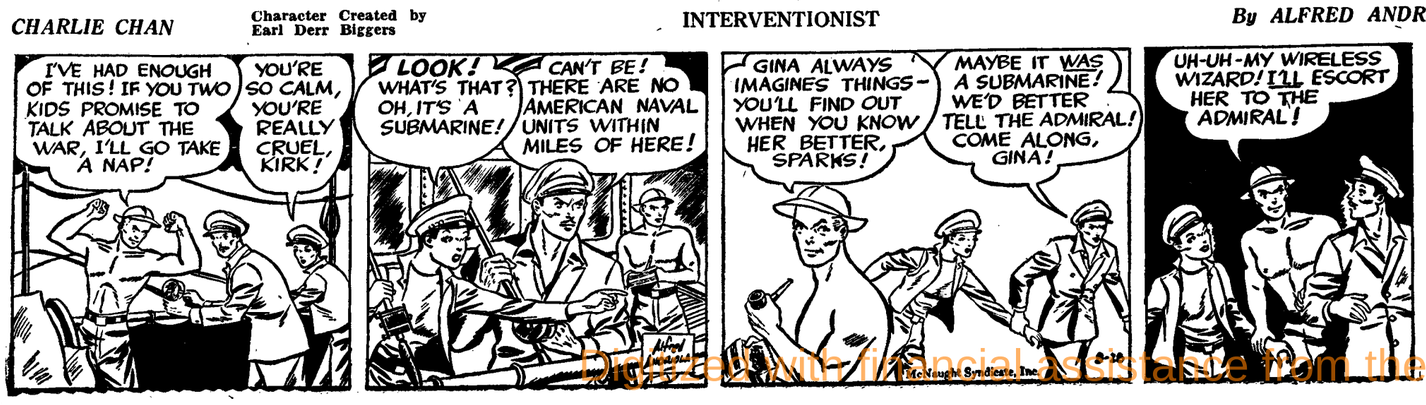
CHARLIE CHAN — Character Created by Earl Derr Biggers — INTERVENTIONIST — By ALFRED ANDRIOLA


I'VE HAD ENOUGH OF THIS! IF YOU TWO KIDS PROMISE TO TALK ABOUT THE WAR, I'LL GO TAKE A NAP!
YOU'RE SO CALM, YOU'RE REALLY CRUEL, KIRK!
LOOK! WHAT'S THAT? OH, IT'S A SUBMARINE!
CAN'T BE! THERE ARE NO AMERICAN NAVAL UNITS WITHIN MILES OF HERE!
GINA ALWAYS IMAGINES THINGS — YOU'LL FIND OUT WHEN YOU KNOW HER BETTER, SPARKS!
MAYBE IT WAS A SUBMARINE! WE'D BETTER TELL THE ADMIRAL! COME ALONG, GINA!
UH-UH-MY WIRELESS WIZARD! I'LL ESCORT HER TO THE ADMIRAL!
McNaught Syndicate, Inc.

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD
MINIMUM RS 1/8/-
To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted for a wealthy Hindu gentleman returned from Europe and America a vegetarian lady of religious disposition, who will be entrusted with ample funds for charity and benevolence but should herself have a fully sacrificing spirit and lead a very plain, simple and moderate life dedicated to the service of humanity. Those who feel can be full devoted and obedient please correspond with Box No. 6001 "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Urgently needed a Christian Lady Graduate, M.A., B.T., in History and a Christian lady Graduate, M.A., B.T., in Geography Post resident. Salary Rs. 144-8-200. Apply with testimonials to the Principal, Queen Mary's School, Delhi. 215

Wanted Compositors. those who have worked in a newspaper press only need apply with certificates to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle" between 2 p. m and 4 p m

Applications are invited from Actors, Actresses, Directors and other staff for a Film Company to be started shortly Apply Box No. 5925, "Bombay Chronicle."

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For Nursing Sick Patients, qualified European and Indian Nurses available. Day or night. Relief Association. Tel. 34479. C063

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Matrics! Become Graduates (Punjab University) by 15 months' home-study. Apply Dewan's—Lahore. 5928

MEDICAL ADLETS

A new reliable safe radical treatment for Diabetes or money back. Doctor: Indo-Trading Co., Tiruvarur. 5979B

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Stockists, Agents for High Class Tooth Powder. For free samples and terms Apply with two annas stamps to Post Box 369, Bombay 1. 5934

Wanted applications from (1) manufacturers who want sole agents in Bengal, Bihar, Orissa & Assam for their Manufactured goods and (2) from commercial firms who want sole agency of goods manufactured in Bengal, etc. Apply to Bengal Reconstruction Committee 102, Clive Street, 5, Commercial Buildings, Calcutta, Phone: Calcutta, 5778. 185

BUSINESS OFFER

Advertiser willing consider **sound** Industrial or Commercial Propositions, preferably upcountry, providing scope for his active participation. Can invest upto two lakhs. T. P. Davar, Belgaum 5977

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted a loco type Boiler, pressure about 150 delivery Bombay and a drying range about 15 to 21 cylinders. Apply Box No. 5985, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted one Condensor of 400 Volts 3• Phase, A.C., capacity 35 to 50 KVA. Please send full details along with rock bottom prices to Nagrath Oil Mills Factory Area, Cawnpore 186

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale one Dumpy Level in good order Rs. 650 or near offer. Apply Box No. 5991, "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

Wanted for a Mill in Mofussil (1) a Spinning-Master, (2) an Assistant Spinning-Master. Those with ten years' experience in medium and fine counts need apply with copies of testimonials, stating age, technical education if any, salary expected to Box No. 144, "Bombay Chronicle."

NOTICE

WANTED IMMEDIATELY fully qualified NURSES (B.P.N.A.) as Staff Nurses at Sir Takhtasinhji Hospital, Bhavnagar. Pay Rs. 50-2-60 plus Rs 30 Uniform Allowance per year with ALL FOUND, Boarding, Lodging, Laundry and Light free. Service is pensionable.

Applications should be submitted to the undersigned, stating age, nationality, qualifications, training, experience and education before 20th September, 1944.

Selected Candidates will have to join service on 23-9-44.

CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER,
Bhavnagar State,
Bhavnagar, (Kathiawar)
213

TATA IRON & STEEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of a music teacher for girls schools. Applicants should have successfully completed a music course in a College of the standing of Marris College of Music, Lucknow. Grade for a lady music teacher with an I. A. pass is Rs. 82-3-115 E.B.-3-130 together with a free house or 10% of salary as house allowance, and a conveyance allowance of Rs. 15|- per month. Dearness allowance and emergency bonus will be given according to the rules of the Tata Iron and Steel Co., Ltd. Those possessing lower academic qualifications will be placed in a lower grade. Applications written in one's own handwriting, giving details of qualifications, proficiency in vocal and instrumental music, age, and experience should reach the undersigned by the 20th September, 1944.

R. W. MATHUR,
Education Officer,
Jamshedpur.
5th September, 1944.
(190)

PUBLIC NOTICES.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
Stores Department

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of Disinfectant Fluid which should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, not later than 1 P.M. (B.T.) on Friday the 22nd September, 1944, together with an earnest money deposit of Rs. 250|-.

Forms of Contract, Specification, etc. will be issued by the undersigned on payment of Rs. 2|- per set.

Tenderers must bring their tenders duly sealed to the Municipal Office and deliver them at the Chief Accountant's Office as directed above. Tenderers shall not be allowed to fill in or seal their tenders at the Chief Accountant's or any other Municipal Office.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
A. H. K. SHAIKH,
Controller of Stores.
566, DeLisle Road,
Bombay No. 11.
7th September, 1944.
209

THE BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CO-OPERATIVE BANK LIMITED.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY-THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Bank will be held at the Registered Office of the Bank in 9, Bakehouse Lane, Fort, Bombay on Saturday, the 23rd September, 1944 at 2-30 P. M. (N.S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To adopt the Report of the Directors and the Audited Statement of Accounts of the Bank for the year ending 30th June, 1944.
2. To declare a dividend.
3. To elect Directors.
4. To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration.

By Order of the Board,
VAIKUNTH L. MEHTA,
Managing Director.
Bombay, 26th August, 1944.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from 25th September to 7th October, 1944, both days inclusive.
211

THE BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CO-OPERATIVE BANK, LIMITED.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank, Ltd., will be held at the Registered Office of the Bank in 9, Bakehouse Lane, Fort, Bombay, on Saturday the 23rd September, 1944, at 3 P. M. (N.S.T.) or immediately after the termination of the Thirty-third Annual General Meeting for the purpose of considering and if thought fit, passing the following Resolutions:—

1. "That the share capital of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank, Ltd., be increased from Rs. 15 lakhs divided into 30 000 shares of Rs. 50|- each to Rs. 25 lakhs divided into 50,000 shares of Rs. 50|- each by the creation of 20,000 shares of Rs. 50- each and that such additional shares may be issued at such time or times, on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par and to such persons or co-operative societies as the Board may think fit."
2. "That pursuant to the above, the following amendments be made in Bye-law No. 3:
"In line 1, substitute the figures 25 and 50,000 for the figures 15 and 30,000, respectively."

By Order of the Board,
VAIKUNTH L. MEHTA,
Managing Director.
Bombay, 26th August, 1944.
212

NOTICE

THE APOLLO MILLS, LIMITED.

APPLICATION has been received by the Directors of the Company to issue duplicate of the Share Certificates for 200 shares of the Company Nos. 2175426-2175525 and 2175526-2175625, standing in the joint names of Mr. Nanji Hamir and Mrs. Mambai Nanji Hamir, upon the statement that the original certificates have been lost. And Notice is hereby given that, if within 30 days from the date hereof no claim or representation in respect of such original certificates is made to the said Directors at the Registered Office of the Company, situated at DeLisle Road, Chinchpokli, Bombay 11, they will then proceed to deal with such application for issue of duplicate share certificates.

J. S. DAWDA,
Secretary.
200

NOTICE

ORDINARY SHARE CERTIFICATE No. 1063 of the Tata Power Company Limited standing in the name of Mr. Chumaniai Dahyachand Shah of Patan, North Gujrat, has been lost or misplaced. All persons having any claim on the said share are requested to intimate the same to the above Company at their Registered Office at Bombay House, 24, Bruce Road, Fort, Bombay, within 15 days from the date of this Notice after which date no claim will be considered and duplicate Certificate will be issued to him.

THE TATA POWER CO., LTD.,
Managing Agents.
Bombay dated 1st August, 1944.
9802

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE WESTERN INDIA TANNERIES, LTD.

NOTICE

THE TWENTY-THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held on SATURDAY, the 30th September, 1944, at 4-30 P.M. (N.S.T.) at the Registered Office of the Company, 2A, Dharavi Road, Dharavi, Bombay 17, to transact the following Business:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Statements of Accounts for the period ended 31st December, 1943.
(2) To sanction payment of Bonus to the employees of the Company out of the profit for the year ended 31st December, 1943.
(3) To declare a Dividend on the ordinary shares for the year ended 31st December, 1943.
(4) To elect a Director in place of Mr. Solomon Moses, who retires by rotation, but being eligible for re-election, offers himself accordingly.
(5) To approve the appointment of Mrs. Sharda Mukerjee, B.A., as a Director in place of late Mr. R. S. Pandit.
(6) To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.
(7) To transact any other business which may be brought before the Meeting.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will remain closed from the 16th day of September, 1944 to the 30th day of September, 1944. (Both days inclusive).

By Order of the Board,
PRATAP PANDIT & CO.,
Managing Agents.

Dated Bombay, the 8th September, 1944.

N.B.—The Dividend when declared will be made payable free of Income-Tax at the Registered Office of the Company, on and after the 10th October, 1944. The Dividend Warrants will be posted to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register on the 15th September, 1944.
210

NOTICE.

WANTED TEMPORARY MEDICAL OFFICERS for epidemic and Malaria duty.

QUALIFICATIONS: M.B.B.S., or L.C.P.S., pay Rs. 130 p. m. PLUS special pay Rs. 10 p. m. and compensatory allowance for loss of private practice Rs. 10 p. m. Fixed travelling allowance Rs. 41-4-0 p. m. when appointed on malaria duty the Medical Officer will not draw special pay of Rs. 10 p. m.

No travelling allowance to join duty or on termination of duty is admissible.

Applications stating name in full, place and date of birth and domicile, caste, sub-caste and languages known together with copies of all certificates should reach the Director of Public Health for the Government of Bombay, Poona not later than 15th October 1944. 214

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS for examinership are invited, on or before the 15th of October, 1944, for all examinations to be held in 1945 by the S. N. D. Thackersey Indian Women's University (1. Carnegy Road, Queen's Road Fort, Bombay No. 1). Application form can be obtained from the Registrar, on payment of Annas Three.

REGISTRAR.
152

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT CLIVE STREET, BOMBAY

Under instructions from Messrs. Little & Co., Solicitors, Attorneys for Mr. Rustomji Pestonji Nadirshaw the Administrator of the estate of the late Mr. Cowasji Sorabji Minibeck, Messrs. Crawford & Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on Friday, 22nd September 1944, at 4-30 P. M. (N.S.T.) on site, the piece of land admeasuring about 375 square yards with the building standing thereon, situate at Clive St., 3rd and 4th Lane, on the Elphinstone Estate of the Bombay Port Trust, Municipal Street No. 9-11-13, 8-10 Ward No. 5299, Cadastral Survey No. 152 (Prince's Dock Division).

For further particulars apply to Messrs. Little & Co., Solicitors, Central Bank Building, Esplanade Rd. or the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT TEMKER ST., NEAR TWO TANKS, BOMBAY.

Under instructions from the owner of the property Messrs. Crawford & Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on Monday, 25th September 1944, at 4-30 P.M. (N.S.T.) on site, all that piece of land at Temker St., Bombay, admeasuring about 76 square yards with the building standing thereon, E Ward No. 107, Street No. 63-65.

For further particulars apply to:

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers
122, Apollo St., Fort, Bombay

TO CHEMISTS and DRUGGISTS:

SALE ON THURSDAY, 14th September, 1944, at 3 P.M. (N.S.T.) at the saleroom of the undersigned;

1 Case 9 Packets x 20 lbs each Pulvise Radix Foeniculum.
3 x 20 lbs Pulvise Radix Petrosilenum.
9 Cases each 12 x 20 lbs Pulvis Rhei Radix.
4 Cases each 12 x 20 lbs Pulvise Hydrastis.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

Beauty
THAT ENCHANTED ARJUNA

The story of Chitrangada, as told by Rabindranath Tagore, shows how a woman can gather beauty and charm by the grace of Madana, the God of beauty. Chitrangada, the ruling princess of Manipur, loved Arjuna, but she was painfully conscious of her limitations: she had practically no feminine grace, was much too masculine to appeal to the eyes of Arjuna as a lover. She, therefore, prayed to Madana, and Madana gave her all she wanted—beauty which enchanted Arjuna.

A modern girl may sometime face a similar problem: she may love somebody but fail to attract the beloved by her physical grace. Prayer to Madana has not its efficacy to-day, and therefore the Modern girl has to help herself. Of course, P. M. Bagchi & Co., with their finished beauty products, is always prepared to give her valuable assistance.

Beauty Products
VELVET SNOW AND CREAM
PUSPASAR HAIR OIL
WHITE ROSE, LILAC
AND OTHER PERFUMES

For Everyday Toilet
P. M. BAGCHI & CO., CALCUTTA

Sole Distributors for Bombay and Madras
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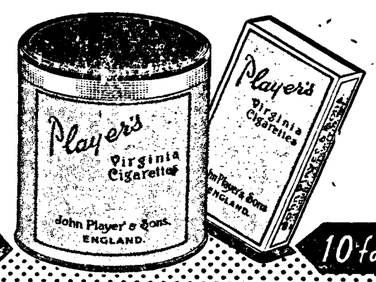
Sir Pherozshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.

Made from the finest grades of Virginia tobacco procurable.

Player's Virginia Cigarettes are manufactured exclusively from Virginia tobaccos, including the maximum proportion of imported American tobacco permitted by law.



50 for 1/4 | 10 for 4 As.

Plus tax where local or provincial taxation is in force.

JOHN PLAYER & SONS, ENGLAND

NEAT WATCHES
FOR WELL-DRESSED MEN!

This Pocket model meets the demand for an elegant extra-flat watch for dress wear. It is a fully Jewelled and fully warranted time—keeper capable of extreme dependability. With its beautiful Nickel Silver Chromium plated thin edged case and engine turned fancy backs, as illustrated, it is incomparable in its class.

The GENTEEL
(New-Style Dial)
The GENTEEL
(Regular Arabic Dial)
Due to irregular arrivals, it may not be possible to supply all the patterns advertised, but every effort will be made to execute orders as far as our stocks permit us to do so.
Any Style or Pattern with Nickel Silver Chromium Plated Case Rs. 38 -
Fancy Back "A"
Fancy Back "B"

WEST END WATCH Co
BOMBAY CALCUTTA

Why Not Look and Feel YEARS YOUNGER

YOU can look years younger than you really are. You can have a flawless complexion, youthful figure and be active and happy if you follow the golden rule of taking two Bile Beans regularly every night.

Bile Beans bring renewed health and vigour and counteract any tendency to put on weight. So, if you want to be youthful and energetic, remember to take Bile Beans at bedtime.

OVER ONE MILLION BILE BEANS ARE SOLD EVERY DAY

This is how Bile Beans act. Bile Beans are prepared from pure vegetable extracts and therefore can be taken regularly every night with perfect safety. They tone up the system, purify the blood and daily remove all food waste: thus improving your health and keeping you youthful and attractive.

BILE BEANS
KEEP YOU HEALTHY AND YOUTHFUL
All Medicine Dealers Sell Bile Beans

Opening Possibilities for New Industries
ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE & OXIDE
of very high grade now in production.

● ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE: Used in the manufacture of Aluminium Compounds for textiles, dyeing, paper printing ink, water purification and as a catalyst in synthesising acetates, tannates, etc.

● ALUMINIUM OXIDE: Manufactured in several grades for decolourising and deodorizing solutions, grinding and polishing metals, manufacture of abrasives, grinding wheels and high grade laboratory ware, etc.

● *Sodium Aluminate & Aluminium Sulphate are also manufactured at our works.*

THE ALUMINIUM CORPORATION OF INDIA LTD.
KAMLA TOWER, CAWNPORE — WORKS AT ASANSOL.
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